





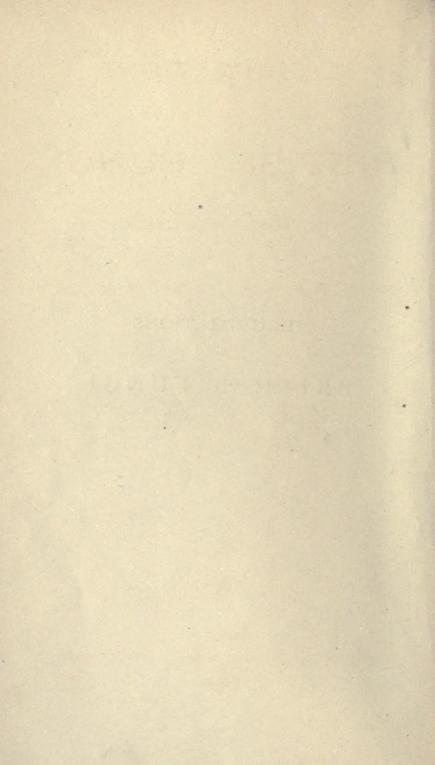


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(3)

ILLUSTRATIONS

BRITISH FUNGI.



ILLUSTRATIONS

OF

BRITISH FUNGI

(HYMENOMYCETES),

To serve as an Atlas to the "Handbook of British Fungi."

BY

M. C. COOKE, M.A., LL.D., A.L.S.,

President of the Quekett Microscopical Club, and of the Hackney Natural History and Microscopical Society. Fellow of the Botanical Society of Edinburgh. Corresponding Member of the Academy of Natural Society established the Academy of Science of New York; of the Portland Society of Natural History, Maine, and of the Società Crittogamologica Italiana. Honorary Member of the Cryptogamic Society of Socialand; the Woolhope Field Club; the Hertfordshire Natural History Society; the Norfolk and Norwich Naturalists Society; the Essex Field Club; and other Societies.

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PREFACE.

In 1797 Sowerby published his "Coloured Figures of British Fungi," since which time no effort has been made to produce figures of all the known species of the larger Fungi, belonging to the order Hymenomycetes. In 1867 the venerable Fries commenced the publication of his "Icones" in which it was proposed to illustrate all the European species of which no figures had been published. For the rest the British Mycologist had to purchase numerous and expensive works, which had from time to time appeared in different European countries, and in many of these the figures were not absolutely satisfactory. To meet the requirements of the British student of Fungi a work was long felt desirable which should include coloured figures of all the known British species, and I was often urged to undertake such a work, but the magnitude and responsibility of the undertaking deterred me for a long period from making the attempt.

At the meeting of the Woolhope Club, in the autumn of 1880, the subject was again considered, and I was induced to commence these "Illustrations" provided a sufficient number of subscribers could be secured to guarantee the continuance of the work, and limit the pecuniary responsibility within reasonable bounds. Although hitherto the receipts have fallen short of the expenditure, the arduous undertaking has been pursued without interruption, or recompense, until the section *Leucospori* of the large genus *Agaricus* has been completed in two volumes, containing 292

plates, illustrating 378 species, with varieties, leaving only about twenty-six species in this section, which have been recorded as British, without figures, including some very doubtful ones. It is probable that some of these may yet be obtained and figured as an appendix.

It is intended to proceed forthwith with the publication of "Illustrations" of the remaining sections of Agaricus, which it is estimated will occupy two volumes, including about the same number of plates as the two volumes just concluded.

Up to this point it is considered that the "Illustrations" will compare favourably in number with any work hitherto published. Sowerby figured only 165 species of Agaricini, of all kinds; Hussey, 80; Bolton, 108; Bulliard, 287; Krombholz, 230; and Fries' "Icones" includes 209 species of the Leucospori, so that already a larger number of white-spored Agarics have been figured herein than all the gill-bearing Fungi in Sowerby, Hussey, and Bolton together, or than were contained in the large work by Krombholz. Although this may fairly claim to be a national work, it is remarkable that less than seventy of the inhabitants of the British islands contribute, as subscribers, to its success, and its very existence is consequently dependent upon foreign support.

As to execution, an interested party is not a fitting judge. It may be confessed that all the figures are not of equal excellence, but the printer has spared no effort in his endeavours to give satisfaction, yet, when once printed, it is difficult to make corrections, and delicate tones of colour are often inappreciable, except to a connoisseur. It should also be remembered, that it is not the typical form of a species which is always to be found in a given locality, and however truly our figures may represent what we have seen, it does not follow, as a matter of course, that they will

always represent with equal fidelity forms or varieties known to others. Allowance must therefore be made for reasonable variation, and a figure does not merit condemnation because it fails to realize the ideal which anyone may have evolved for a particular species.

It has been objected that in so few instances figures of the spores have been given, and this has been a source of regret, but the method of printing adopted is not favourable to such small objects as spores, which require to be rigidly accurate both in form and dimensions. In laying down the outlines, it is the inner, and not the outer surface of the line which bounds the object, and hence in transferring minute objects, they are at once sensibly diminished, and this diminution has a tendency to increase by the inward spreading of the ground colour. For these reasons the spores have seldom been attempted, and never with complete satisfaction. In the sections with coloured spores, hopes are entertained of surmounting the difficulty.

I cannot permit these remarks to close without acknowledging the assistance so freely rendered by those who have sent me either living specimens, or placed their drawings at my disposal. My thanks are especially due to the Rev. M. J. Berkeley (M.J.B.), Miss Berkeley (R.E.B.), C. E. Broome (C.E.B.), Cedric Bucknall (C.B.), Dr. Bull (H.G.B.), Rev. Canon Du Port, T. Howse (T.H.), G. Massee (G.M.), W. Phillips (W.P.), C. B. Plowright, W. G. Smith (W.G.S.), and Rev. John Stevenson. Their initials are attached to the copies of their drawings. Had it not been for the kind assistance so freely and cheerfully rendered, these volumes could never have reached so successful a termination. Above all, the council and experience of my valued friend, the Rev. M. J. Berkeley, has been to me a tower of strength, given

continuously and unreservedly, with a paternal affection for the work in hand, it demands from me all the acknowledgment and gratitude which it is in my power to offer.

Since it is impossible for me to attempt a new edition of the "Handbook," whilst this work is in progress, it is intended to reprint the specific characters of all the *Hymenomycetes* (British) in some convenient form to be used with the plates, as a separate publication. Though names may change, and the limits of species fluctuate, it is hoped that these figures may prove a welcome legacy to a future generation.

M. C. COOKE.

July, 1883.

SYSTEMATIC INDEX.

ORDER I. AGARICINI. Fr. Hymenium inferior, spread over radiating gills. GENUS I. AGARICUS, Linn. Gills membranaceous, persistent, with an acute edge, trama floccose. Sect. A. Leucospori. White spored. Sub-Genus 1. Amanita, Pers. Universal veil free from the cuticle; stem distinct from the hymenophore, furnished with a volva at the base. Gills free. * Ring manifest, superior. a. Volva splitting at the apex, border free, persistent. 1. Ag. virosus, Fr. 1 2 2 ,, phalloides, Fr. " vernus, Bull 3 3 b. Volva cut round above the bulb, border membrunaceous. 4. Ag. mappa, Fr. 4 c. Volva definitely cut around, base marginate, persistent, calyptra broken into thick warts scattered over the pileus. 5. Ag. muscarius, Fr. . 117 ,, pantherinus, Fr. 6 ,, excelsus, Fr. 7 8. strobiliformis, Fr. 8 9. . 277 22 22 22 d. Volva entirely friable. 10 10. Ag. rubescens, Fr. 9 11. " spissus, Fr. 11 69 12. " nitidus, Fr. 70 12 13. asper, Fr. 10 e. Volva flocculose, wholly evanescent, stem not bulbous. 14. Ag. magnificus, Fr. 34

" megalodactylus, Berk.

11

** Ring obliterated or none.		
16. Ag. vaginatus, Fr.		12
17. , strangulatus, Fr		13
18. , adnatus, Sm.		35
,,,		00
SubGen. 2. Lepiota , Fr. Universal veil concrete w the pileus, gills free, often remote. Volva absent. Ste generally distinct from the hymenophore.	ith em	
* Epidermis dry.		
a. PROCERI. Ring movable.		
19. Ag. procerus, Scop		21
20. ,, rachodes, Vitt.		22
21. ,, excoriatus, Schff		23
22. " gracilentus, Krombh.		28
23. , mastoideus, Fr		24
b. CLYPEOLARII. Ring fixed, homogened with universal veil clothing the stem.	ous	
24. Ag. acutesquamosus, Wein.		14
25. , Badhami, Berk.		25
26. , meleagris, Sow		26
27. ,, biornatus, B. & Br.		37
28. , hispidus, Lasch		27
29. , clypeolarius, Bull.		38
30. , metulæsporus, Berk.		39
31. ,, cristatus, A. & S.		29
32. , ermineus, Fr		40
c. Annulosi. Ring superior, fixed, subp		
sistent. Universal veil adnate to t	he	
33. Ag. Vittadinii, Fr.		36
34. ,, holosericeus, Fr	٠	41
35. , naucinus, Fr	٠	15
36. ,, cepæstipes, Sow.	*	5
	•	U
d. Granulosi. Universal veil of the pile	ns	
and stem at first continuous, by ruptu forming an inferior ring.	re	
37. Ag. carcharias, Pers.		42
38. , cinnabarinus, A. & S.		43
, , var. Terreii		
39. , granulosus, Batsch.		18
40. , , var. rubescens		213a
7, 000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	-	213 b
41. " polystictus, Berk.		80

e. Mesoмorphi. Small, slender, stem fistu- lose, pileus dry, cuticle entire.	
43 \ ,, seminudus, Lasch.	85 a 85 b 19 a 19 b
** Epidermis viscid.	
44. Ag. medullatus, Fr delicatus, Fr gliodermus, Fr lenticularis, $Lasch$	44 118 b 118 a 17 132
partial veil generally clothing stem with scales, and termi-	
nated by a more or less evident ring. Gills broadly adnate.	
a. Gills sinuato-adnexed.	
49. ,, focalis, Fr. (minor)	20 245 31
51, robustus A. & S	33
52. ,, ,, minor	86
	(?) 71
53. , ramentaceus, Bull 54. , hæmatites, B. & Br	45
	46
b. Gills attenuated behind, more or less decur- rent, not sinuate, stem solid.	
56. Ag. melleus, F. Dan.	32
57. ,, subcavus, Schum.	47
c. Gills equal behind, stem externally rather cartilaginous.	
58. Ag. mucidus, Schrad	16
SubGen. 4. Tricholoma, Fr. Veil obsolete, or attached in flocci or fibrils to the margin of the pileus. Stem fleshy. Gills sinuate behind.	
* Pileus either viscid, or clad with fibrils, scales, or down.	
a. Limacini. Cuticle of the pileus viscid when moist, innate-fibrillose or squamose, but not lacerated.	
Gills not discoloured.	
59. Ag. equestris, Linn	72 53

	61.	Ag.	portentosus, Fr		54
	62.	"	fucatus, Fr		73
	63.	22	quinquepartitus, Fr.		74
	64.	22	resplendens, Fr		55
	65.	22	spermaticus, Fr		87
	Gills beco	mina	discoloured, usually	onith.	
	reddish	spots.	and out on the mounty		
	66.		colossus, Fr		75
	67.	",	acerbus, Bull.		76
	68.	,,	nictitans, Fr.		56
	69.	22	fulvellus, Fr.		57
	70.	99	flavo-brunneus, Fr.		58
	71.	,,	albo-brunneus, Pers.		197
	72.	"	ustalis, Fr.		88
		91	pessundatus, Fr		
	73.	2,	stans, Fr.		198
7.	CENTUNA		icle of the pileus never vis	bias	
0.			in scaly flocci or in fibril		
			-		
			ing colour nor spotted	with	
	red or b				
	74.	Ag.	rutilans, Schff		89
	75.	79			214
	76.	23	guttatus, Schff		59
	77.	77	columbetta, Fr		48
	78.	33	scalpturatus, Fr.		215
	Gills become	mina	reddish, or cinereous, e	edae	
			gth spotted with rufous		
	black.		3 1		
	79.	Δœ	imbricatus, Fr		199
	80.	ng.	vaccinus, Pers.	•	60
	81.	"	immundus, Berk.	٠	61
	82.	"	murinaceus, Bull		49
	83.	"	terreus, Schff		50
	84.	"	,, var. argyraceus, B	ull.	
	85.	27	,, var. atrosquamos		200
	00.	"	Chev.	,	51
	86.	22	,, var. orirubens, Q.		90
0			ele of the pileus rig		
c.			ulate, or in drying brol		
			quamules.	Zen	
			llid, not becoming spotted u	rith	
	rufous or				
	87.		macrorhizus, Lasch.		278
	88.	12	saponaceus, Fr		91
	89.	22	,, var. squamost	is.	216

90. Ag. cartilagineus, Bull.	166
,, loricatus, Fr	
91. $\begin{cases} ., & \text{atro-cinereus, } Pers. \\ ., & \text{cuneifolius, } Fr. \end{cases}$	52 a
., cuneifolius, Fr	526
92. ,, var. griseo-rimosus,	
Batsch.	
Gills becoming rufous, or cinereous, or spotted.	
93. Ag. crassifolius, B	92
94. "tumidus, Pers	93
94. , tumidus, Pers	167
d. Sericella. Pileus rather thin, at first silky, soon smooth and quite dry.	
Gills broad, rather thick, and somewhat dis-	
tant. Smell unpleasant.	
96. Ag. sulphureus, Bull	62
97 bufonius, Pers	181
001 ; 100011 00, 2 11	94
99. " var. robustus .	217
99. ,, ,, var. robustus . 100. ,, inamænus, Fr	77
Gills thin, crowded, narrow. Small, inodorous	
(Ag. cerinus, Pers	95b
101. (,, ionides, Bull	95a
100 (carnens, Bull	96a
$101. \begin{cases} \text{Ag. cerinus, } \textit{Pers.} \\ \text{,, ionides, } \textit{Bull.} \end{cases}$ $102. \begin{cases} \text{., carneus, } \textit{Bull.} \\ \text{., celatus, } \textit{Fr.} \end{cases}$	966
** Pileus even, smooth.	
e. VERNALES. Pileus fleshy, soft, fragile,	
e. Vernales. Pileus fleshy, soft, fragile, spotted or rivulose. Stem solid. Vernal.	
Gills white or whitish.	
103. Ag. gambosus, Fr	63
Gills becoming reddish or smoky.	
104. Ag. amethystinus, Scop.	262
105 albellus. Fr	262 229
105. ,, albellus, Fr	64
f. Spongiosa. Pileus compact, then spongy, obtuse, even, smooth, moist, not hygro-	
phanous.	
*	
Gills not becoming discoloured.	
107. Ag. Schumacheri, Fr	168
108. " patulus, Fr	279
108. " patulus, Fr	218a
(,, oreinus, Fr	2180

110.	Ag.	albus, Schff.			65
111.		leucocephalus, 1	r_r .		78
~					
Gills beco	oming o	discoloured.			
112.	Ag.	militaris, Fr.			169
	, ,,	civilis, Fr.			
113.	21	personatus, Fr.		٠	66
114.	77	nudus, Bull.			67
115.	7.7	" var. majo	r.		133
116.	"		l		170
117.	"	panæolus, Fr.			97
		7017			
. HYGROPE	IANA.	Pileus thin, rat	her um	00-	
nate, n	lesn at	length soft, hygi	rophanou	18.	
$Gills\ whit$	ish, no	t spotted.	-		
118.	Ar	grammopodius,	Pa 11		98
***	(melaleucus, Pera	2000.	*	119
119.	{ "	,, var.	nornhy	ro-	
	7,9	//	eucus		
120.	,,	brevipes, Bull.			
121.	22	humilis, Fr.		99	263a
122.	"	" var. blan	ndus. B.		2636
123.	22	exscissus, Fr.			171
124.	,,	subpulverulentus	Pers.		219
O					
Gills become	ming v	iolet, grey, or smo	ky.		
125.	Ag.	sordidus, Fr.			100
196	(,,	pædidus, Fr. lixivius, Fr.			120a
		lixivius, Fr.			1206
127.		putidus, Fr.			172

Sub-Gen. 5. Clitocybe, Fr. Veil usually obsolete. Stem soon hollow. Gills adnate, attenuated behind, or decurrent.

- * Pileus fleshy, often becoming pallid when dry, but not hygrophanous.
 - a. Disciformes. Pileus convex, then plane, or depressed, regular, obtuse; gills at first adnate or regularly adnate-decurrent.

Pileus cinereous or fuscous.

128.	Ag.	nebularis, Fr.		79
129.		clavipes, Pers.		80
-	99	gangrenosus, Fr.		
130. {	"	inornatus, Sow.		246a
1	9.9	hirneolus, Fr.		246b

Pileus violet or rufescent.	
131. Ag. cyanophæus, Fr. var 264	
193 (, amarus, Fr 134a	
132. $\begin{cases} ,, & \text{amarus}, Fr. \\ ,, & \text{socialis}, Fr. \end{cases}$ 134a	
Pileus becoming yellowish.	
Ag. amarella, Pers	
vernicosus, Fr 265a	
133. $\left\{\begin{array}{lll} ,, & \text{vernicosus, } Fr. & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & . &$	
,, subalutaceus, Batsch.	
Pileus greenish or becoming pallid.	
134. Ag. odorus, Bull 101	
135. " Trogii, Fr 102	
in rivulosus, Fr 200a	
136. { ", rivulosus, Fr	
Batsch 200b	
Pileus white, becoming shining.	
137. Ag. cerussatus, Fr 121	
138 var difformis Sch. 122	
138. ,, ,, var. difformis, Sch. 122 139. ,, phyllophilus, Fr 81	
Fr. $103a$	
$140. \ \ \{ \begin{array}{cccc} " & \text{pithyophilus, } Fr. & . & . & 103a \\ " & \text{tornatus, } Fr. & . & . & . & 103b \\ 141. & ., & \text{candicans, } Pers. & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & . &$	
141. , candicans, Pers 82	
142. ,, dealbatus, Sow 104 143. ,, var. minor . 173	
143. ,, var. minor . 173	
144. ,, gallinaceus, Scop 174	
DIFFORMES. Pileus fleshy in the disc, but	
thin at the margin, at first umbonate,	
then expanded and depressed, irregular;	
gills unequally decurrent; generally coes-	
pitose.	
— Ag. decastes, Fr	
145. , aggregatus, Schff 182	
146, elixus, Sow	
147. " fumosus, Pers 175 148. " tumulosus, Kalch 105	
148. ,, tumulosus, Kalch 105	
,, cryptarum, Letel	
149. ,, opacus, With 176	

c. Infundibuliformes. Pileus attenuated from a fleshy disc towards the margin, at length infundibuliform, or deeply depressed in the centre. Gills deeply and equally decurrent from the first.

Pileus coloured or growing pallid, surface innately flocculose or silky.

150. Ag. giganteus. Sow		106
151. " maximus, Fr		135
152. " infundibuliformis, Schff.		107
,, var. mem	-	
branaceus, F_{i}	٠.	
—— ,, trullæformis, Fr		
153 \langle ,, incilis, Fr .		281a
$$, trullæformis, Fr 153. $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} , & ext{incilis, } Fr. \\ , & ext{parilis, } Fr. \end{array} ight.$		281 <i>b</i>
Pileus coloured or pallid, smooth, moist in we		
weather.		
154. Ag. geotropus, Bull		83
155. " var. subinvolu	-	
tus, Sm .		
156. , subinvolutus, Batsch.		108
157. ,, gilvus, Pers 158. ,, splendens, Pers		136
158. , splendens, Pers		109
159. ,, inversus, <i>Scop.</i>		84
160. , flaccidus, Fr		123
160. " flaccidus, Fr 161. " var. lobatus, Sou	2.	137
162. , senilis, Fr., variety		110
Pileus shining white.		
163. Ag. catinus, Fr.		111
164. ,, tuba, Fr		112
165. , ericetorum, Bull		138
** Pileus between fleshy and membranaceous, hygro		
phanous.	-	
d. Cyathiformes. Pileus fleshy, membrana		
ceous, disc not compact, hygrophanous	S.	
depressed, then cup-shaped; gills adnate	е.	
then decurrent.	,	
		110
166. Ag. cyathiformis, Fr	۰	113
107. ,, var. expanens, F	•	220
167. ,, var. expallens, Fr. 168. ,, obbatus, Fr. 169. ,, pruinosus, Lasch.	٠	200
169. , prumosus, Lasca.	٠	231
,, concavus, Scop.	*	111
170. , brumalis, Fr	۰	114
e. Orbiformes. Pileus rather fleshy, ex	_	
ternally and internally moist, hygropha	ļ-	
nous, convex, then flattened or depressed		
polished; gills plane, adnate.	7	
Gills becoming cinereous.		
171. Ag. metachrous, Fr		115
, pausiacus, Fr.		115
172. , ditopus, Fr.		116
112. , anopus, 27.		116

Gills whitish,	
173. Ag. diatretus, Fr. 174. "fragrans, Sow. 175. "angustissimus, Lasch. 176. "obsoletus, Batsch.	. 232 . 124 . 125 . 233
f. Versiformes. Pileus thin, convex, then deformed, more or less squamulose or mealy gills adnate, broad, rather thick, very distant, and dusted with the white spores.	-
Pileus brownish or dingy with darkish scales	
177. Ag. ectypus, Fr	. 126 . 183
Pileus bright and self-coloured.	
179. Ag. laccatus, Fr	. 139 . 127
Sub-Gen. 6. Collybia, Fr. Stem cartilaginous. Pileus not sulcato-plicate, nor wrinkled; margin at first involute. Gills free or only obtusely adnexed behind.	
* Gills white, or brightly coloured, not cinereous.	
a. Strimpedes. Stem stiff, hollow, or with a spongy pith, sulcate or striate.	
Gills broad, rather distant.	
Gills broad, rather distant. 181. Ag. radicatus, Bull. 182. "longipes, Bull. 183. "platyphyllus, Fr 184. "semitalis, Fr 185. "fusipes, Bull. "yar. ædematopus Gills crowded, narrow.	TII
186. Ag. maculatus, A. & S.	. 142
187. , , , var. immaculatus	221
b. Vestipedes. Stem thin, equal, fistulose, or medullate, even, velvety, floccose or pruinose.	
Gills broad, rather distant.	
191. $\begin{cases} Ag. \text{ velutipes, } \textit{Curt.} \\ , & \text{laxipes, } \textit{Wein.} \end{cases}$ 192. $, & \text{mimicus, } \textit{Sm.} $ 193. $\begin{cases} , & \text{vertirugis, } \textit{Cke.} \\ , & \text{stipitarius, } \textit{Fr.} \end{cases}$	184a 184a 129 149a 149b

CY 177			
Gills	veru	narrow.	crowded.

194. {	Ag.	hariolorum, Bull. confluens, Pers.	150a
(22	confluens, Pers	150b
195.	22		283
196.	,,	, ,	130
197. {	"	cirrhatus, Schum	144 b
	"	tuberosus, Bull	144α
		racemosus Pone	

c. Lævipedes. Stem thin, equal, fistulose, naked, smooth, not conspicuously striate.

Gills broad, lax, usually more or less distant.

198.	Ag.	collinus, Scop.		205
199. {	"	ventricosus, Bull.		145a
(. 22	Stevensoni, B. & Br.		145b
200.	22	psathyroides, Cke.		266
201.	99	xanthopus, Fr .		203
202,	,,	nitellinus, Fr. var.		146
203. {	22	succineus, Fr.		151a
(. ,,	nummularius, Fr.		1516
(94	esculentus, Wulf		152a
204. }	,,	tenacellus, Pers		152b
(22	,, var. stolonifer,	7.	152c

Gills narrow, crowded.

205.	Ag.	acervatus, Fr.				267
206.	22	dryophilus, Bull.	,	-		204
207.	22	aquosus, Bull.				234
	22	extuberans, Fr.	•		٠	201
000 (,,	exsculptus, Fr.	•		•	268a
208. {		macilentus, Fr.				268 b
č	22	clavus, Linn.				147a
209.	,,	ocellatus, Fr.	•			14/6
	77	muscigenus, Schur	22			
-	"	musergenus, Benut	16.			147c

** Gills becoming cinereous.

d. Tephrophanæ. Colour dingy, becoming cinereous.

Gills crowded, rather narrow.

210. {	Ag	coracinus, Fr.		153a
(153b
-		ozes, Fr .		
211.5	,,	inolens, Fr . plexipes, Fr .		154a
	22	plexipes, Fr .		154 b
212 5	,,	atratus, Fr . ambustus, Fr .		155a
}	11	ambustus, Fr.		1557

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Gills very broad, more or less distant.	
· · ·	269
murinua Ratach	
protractus, Fr.	270a
$\{214.\}$ tesquorum, Fr .	270b
car (clusilis. Fr.	2476
$214. \begin{cases} ,, & \text{protractus, } Fr. \\ ,, & \text{tesquorum, } Fr. \\ . \end{cases}$ $215. \begin{cases} ,, & \text{clusilis, } Fr. \\ ,, & \text{tylicolor, } Fr. \end{cases}$	247a
SubGen. 7. Mycena, Fr. Stem cartilaginous. Pileus	
generally striate, margin at first straight and appressed to	
the stem, gills not decurrent.	
a. CALODONTES. Edge of the gills dark, den-	
ticulate	
(Ag. pelianthinus, Fr.	156a
216. balaninus, B.	156b
- aurantio-marginatus, Fr.	
elegans, Pers	284a
217. (,, rubro-marginatus, Fr	2846
,, var. fusco-purpureus, Lasch.	
(,, rosellus, Fr	131a
218. $\{ ,, \text{ strobilinus, } Fr.$	1316
$ \begin{array}{c} 216. \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Ag. pelianthinus, } Fr. \\ \text{,, balaninus, } B. \\ \\ \text{, aurantio-marginatus, } Fr. \\ \text{217.} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{, elegans, } Pers. \\ \text{, rubro-marginatus, } Fr. \\ \text{, var. fusco-purpureus, } Lasch. \\ \text{, rosellus, } Fr. \\ \text{, strobilinus, } Fr. \\ \text{, , var. coccineus, } Sow. \\ \end{array} \right. \\ \end{array} $	131c
b. Adonidez. Gills entirely of one colour.	
Pileus pure coloured, bright, not brownish	
or greyish. Growing on the ground.	
219. Ag. purus, Pers	157
220 S ,, pseudopurus, Cke.	158a
\mathcal{L}^{220} , zephirus, Fr	158b
221 \ ,, adonis, Bull	185a
,, lineatus, Bull.	185 <i>b</i>
,, Inteo-albus, Bolt	159a
222. 3, flavo-albus, Fr	1596
219. Ag. purus, Pers	199c
c. Itidibirebes. Stell light, somewhat 1000-	
ing, usually growing on wood, often cæspi-	
tose. Gills at first white then becoming	
grey or red.	
223. Ag. proliferus, Fr	235
223. Ag. proliferus, Fr . 224. "excisus, $Lasch$. var. 225. { "psammicola, B . G Br . 226. "sudorus, Fr . 227. "galericulatus, $Scop$. 228. { "var. calopus, Fr . "polygrammus, $Bull$. 229. { "parabolieus, Fr . "tintinnabulum, Fr .	148
225. \ , psammicola, B. \(\text{g} \) Br	186a
(,, rugosus, rr	206
220. , Suddius, Fr	200
var calonna Fin	2230
228. ", ", ", " var. caropus, F7.	2234
polystamats, Date.	2240
229. ("tintinnabulum, Fr.	2246
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

d.	FRAGILIPE	DES.	Stem	fra	gile.	Gills	be-
	coming						
	scented,	and	growin	ng	singly	on	the
	ground.						

	Ag.	atro-albus, Bolt .		
230. {	"	dissiliens, Fr.		285a
250.	23	plicosus, Fr		285b
001	,,	pauperculus, B		236a
231. }	91	atrocyaneus, Batsch.		236b
232.		pullatus, B. &. C		237
233.	22	leptocephalus, Pers.		187a
234.	12	alcalinus, Fr	187b.	225
00 - (22	ammoniacus, Fr		238a
235. }	11	metatus, Fr		238b
`	22	peltatus, Fr		
(27	aetites, Fr.		188a
236.	"	stanneus, Fr.		1886
(. ,	vitreus, Fr .		160a
237.	"	tenuis, Bolt.	· ·	160b
,	99	conditi, bott.		4,000

e. FILIPEDES. Stem thread-like, flaccid, rooting. Gills paler at the edge and becoming discoloured.

920 (A	g. filopes, Bull. Iris, Berk.		. 161a
200. { ,,	Iris, Berk.		. 1616
	mirabilis, C. &	Q.	
239. ,,			. 286
(,,	debilis, Fr.		. 189a
240. } ,,	vitilis, Fr .		. 189 <i>b</i>
(,,	collariatus, Fr.		. 189c
(,,	speireus, Fr.		. 190a
241. } ",	tenellus, Fr.		. 190b
(,,			. 190c

f. Lactipedes. Containing a milky juice, which is usually coloured.

212 5	Ag. hæmatopus, Fr , cruentus, Fr		162a
242.	" cruentus, Fr		1626
949 5	,, sanguinolentus, Fr.	5	163a
240. 2	" crocatus, Fr		163b
944 (" chelidonius, Fr		207a
244.	,, chelidonius, Fr ,, galopus, Fr		2076

g. GLUTINIPEDES. Stem viscid.

0.45	Ag.	epipterygius, Fr.		208a
240.	,,	epipterygius, Fr. clavicularis, Fr.		208b
246.	72	pelliculosus, Fr.		191a
240.		vulgaris. Pers.		1917

SYSTEMATIC INDEX.				
$247. egin{cases} ext{Ag. citrinellus, $Pers.} & . & . \\ ext{, plicato-crenatus, $Fr.} & . & . \\ ext{, roridus, $Fr.} & . & . \end{cases}$	248a			
$\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$, providus, Fr .	248c			
h. Basipedes. Stem dry, attached by a dis-				
Ag. stylobates, Pers	249a			
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Ag. stylobates, $\textit{Pers.}$} \\ \text{248.} \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ } \\ \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ } \\ \\ \text{\ \ \ \ } \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \\ \text{\ \ \ \ } \\ \\ \text{\ \ \ \ \ } \\ \\ \text{\ \ \ \ } \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \\ \ \ \ \ \\ \ \ \ \\ \ \ \ \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $ \text{\ \ \ \ } \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	2490			
Buck.	249c			
249. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	192b			
(,, pterigenus, Fr	192c			
i. Insititæ. Small, abrupt at the base, gills adnate.				
	164a			
200. (,, hiemalis, Osb	1646			
251. capillaris, Schum.	193b			
$250. egin{array}{lll} ext{Ag. corticola, } Schum. & . & . \\ ., & \text{hiemalis, } Osb. & . & . \\ ., & \text{setosus, } Sow. & . & . \\ ., & \text{capillaris, } Schum. & . & . \\ ., & \text{juncicola, } Fr. & . & . \\ \end{array}$	193c			
SubGen. 8. Omphalia, Fr. Stem cartilaginous, gills truly decurrent. Pileus somewhat membranaceous.				
A. COLLYBIARII. Pileus from the first dilated,				
margin turned in. a. Hydrogrammi. Gills narrow, very crowded.				
	239			
,, umbilicatus, Schff.				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	287a $287b$			
1 Dames (1'11 -1'-1'1 7' , ,				
—— Ag. chrysophyllus, Fr				
254. $\{ \text{ "Postii, } Fr. \text{ Pyvidetns } Rull \}$	194a			
oss (,, leucophyllus, Fr	288a			
256. (, striæpileus, Fr	2886			
250. ,, telmatians, B. g Cke sphagnicola, Berk.	289a			
201. { ,, philonotis, Lasch	289b			
258. { ,, oniscus, Fr	209a = 209b			
,, glaucophyllus, Lasch.				
Ag. chrysophyllus, Fr				
triangular, usually thick.				
(Ag. demissus, Fr.	250a			
$259. \begin{cases} \text{Ag. demissus, } \textit{Fr.} \\ \text{,, hepaticus, } \textit{Batsch.} \\ \text{,, muralis, } \textit{Sow.} \end{cases}$	2506			
(,, murans, Sow	250c			

260.		umbelliferus, Linn.		271
	,,	infumatus, B. & Br.		
(7,	buccinalis, Sow		272a
261.	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	retostus, Fr		272b
(abhorrens, B. & Br.		272c
	<i>('.</i>	pseudo-androsaceus, I	Bull.	241a
262.	2 "	griseo-pallidus, Fr.		2416
		stellatus, Fr .		241c

- B. MYCENARII. Pileus at the first campanulute, margin straight, appressed to the stem.
 - d. CAMPANELLÆ. Gills not like folds, broad, unequal.

*				
263	Ag.	campanella, Batsch. pictus, Fr.		273a
200.	(,,	pictus, Fr .		273b
oc.	(,,	camptophyllus, B.		210a
264.	{ ,,	griseus, Fr.		210b
		umbratilis, Fr		274a
265.) ;;	fibula, Bull.		2746
265.	(, var. Swartzii.		274c
		directus, B. & Br		251a
266.	} ′′	Belliæ, Johnst.		2516
		gracillimus, Weinm.		252a
267.	} '.	bullula, Brig		2526
	- 17		•	

e. Integrelli. Gills fold-like, narrow.

Sub.-Gen. 9. Pleurotus, Fr. Stem excentric, lateral, sometimes absent.

A. EXCENTRICI. Pileus entire, laterally extended, excentric, not truly lateral; growing on wood.

Veil annulate.

	000	· A				000
	268.	Ag.	corticatus, Fr.	•	0	290
	269.	22	dryinus, Pers.			226
	270.	23	spongiosus, Fr.			253
Veil	none,	gills	sinuate, or obtusely	adnate.		
	271.	Ag.	ulmarius, Bull.			227
	272.	,,	tessulatus, Bull.			254
	273.	22	subpalmatus, Fr.			255
	OF A		1' 77			OF A

Veil none, gills very decurrent, stem distinct,	
almost vertical.	
277. Ag. pantoleucus, Fr 179,	275a
278. , mutilus, Fr	2756
Veil none, gills very decurrent, Pileus lateral,	
sessile, or extended behind into a stem-like	
short oblique base.	
279. Ag. ostreatus, Jacq	195
279. Ag. ostreatus, Jacq	196
281. ,, revolutus, Kickx	180
282. ,, salignus, Pers	228
283. , acerinus, Fr	291
B. DIMIDIATI. Pileus lateral, immarginate behind,	
not at first resupinate	
Ag. petaloides, Bull	258a
,, serotinus, Schr	2586
, pulmonarius, Fr	
285. ,, mitis, Pers	211
986 , gadinoides, Sm	276a 276b
reniformis. Fr.	276c
(,, lauro-cerasi B, & Br.	242a
287. , tremulus, Schff	242b
$ \begin{array}{c} 284. \ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Ag. petaloides, $Bull.} \\ \text{,,, serotinus, $Schr.} \\ \end{array} \right. \\ \frac{-}{285.} \text{,, mitis, $Pers.} \\ \text{,, gadinoides, $Sm.} \\ \text{,, limpidus, $Fr.} \\ \text{,, reniformis, $Fr.} \\ \text{,, tremulus, $Schft.} \\ \text{,, accrosus, $Fr.} \end{array} \right. \\ \end{array} $	242c
C. RESUPINATI. Pileus resupinate from the first,	
then reflexed.	
Pileus fleshy, of uniform substance.	
288. {Ag. porrigens, Pers	2500
288. Septicus Fr.	2594
Dilana darka atriata array at a tara al-	2000
Pileus fleshy, striate, upper stratum gela- tinous, or with a viscid pellicle.	
(Ac mastraatus En	243a
289. atrocernless Fr.	2436
Leightoni, B. & Br.	260a
290. (, algidus, Fr	2606
(,, fluxilis, Fr.	244a
291. \(\), cyphellæformis, \(B. \).	2446
289. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Ag. mastrucatus, } Fr. \\ ,, \text{ atrocœruleus, } Fr. \\ \end{array} \right.$ 290. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} ,, \text{ Leightoni, } B. \ \text{\& } Br. \\ ,, \text{ algidus, } Fr. \\ \end{array} \right.$ 291. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} ,, \text{ cyphellæformis, } B. \\ ,, \text{ applicatus, } Batsch. \end{array} \right.$	244c
Pileus membranaceous, by no means viscid.	
292. $\begin{cases} \text{Ag. Hobsoni, } B. & . & . \\ ,, & \text{striatulus, } Fr. & . \\ ,, & \text{hypnophilus, } B. & . \\ ,, & \text{chioneus, } Pers. \end{cases}$	212a
292 , striatulus, Fr	212b
, hypnophilus, B	212c
chioneus, Pers	212d

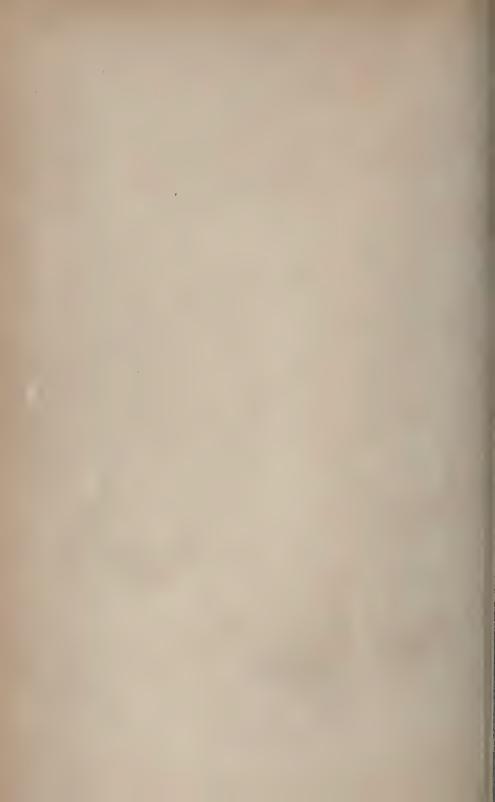
CORRIGENDA.

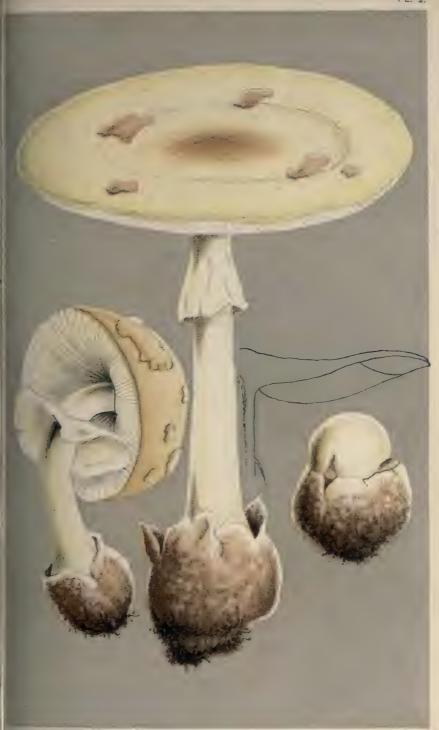
- PLATE 27. Agaricus (Lepiota) hispidus, Lasch., is very doubtful, perhaps a form of Ag. clypeolarius, Bull.
 - ,, 33. Agaricus (Armillaria) robustus, A. & S., instead of Agaricus aurantius, Schff.
 - ,, 49. Agaricus (Tricholoma) murinaceus, Bull. The gills should have been cinereous.
 - ,, 60. Agaricus (Tricholoma) vaccinus, Pers., instead of Agaricus imbricatus, Fr.
 - ,, 84. Agaricus (Clitocybe) inversus, Scop., instead of Agaricus flaccidus, Fr.
 - ", 138. Agaricus (Clitocybe) exicetorum, Bull., not a Collybia.
 - ,, 264. Agaricus (Clitocybe) cyanophæus, Fries.. not a Collybia.

The above arrangement of plates is recommended as instructions to the binder for the two volumes. The order of publication would give no assistance in the affinity of species. The printed numbers on the plates are given on the right hand side of the Index, whereas the numbers on the left represent the order adopted in the Index. These might with but little trouble be added to the plates in manuscript, and facilitate reference. If the Index is bound with the preface, at the commencement of Vol. I., this may contain Plates 1 to 144, and the residue in Vol. II. will form two nearly equal volumes.



AGARICUS (AMANITA) VIROSUS. FR. in woods. Bungay. Aug. 1865.



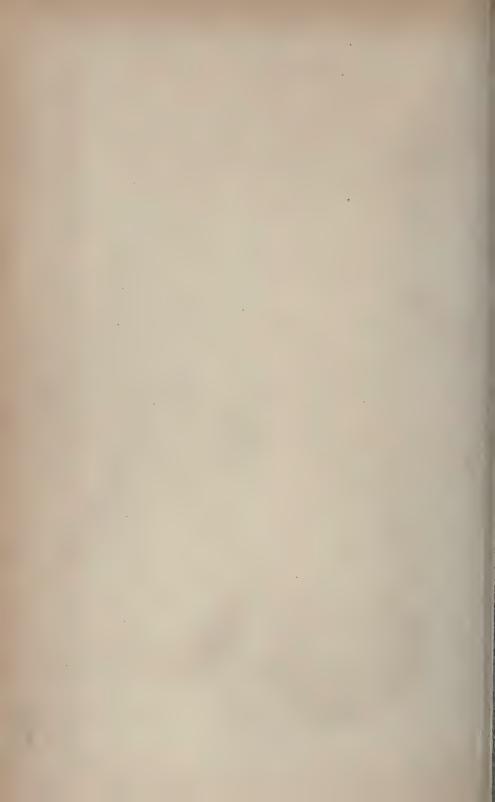


AGARICUS (AMANITA) PHALLOIDES. FR. in woods. Autumn.





AGARICUS (AMANITA) VERNUS. BULL. in woods. Highbeech. Oct. 1880.





in woods &c. Downton, Sept. 1874.



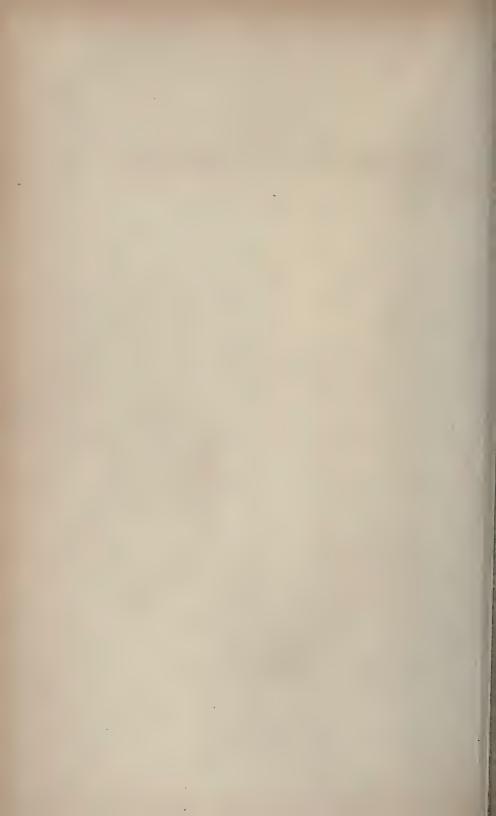


AGARICUS (AMANITA.) MUSCARIUS. Fries.
In woods. Breinton Sept. 1876.





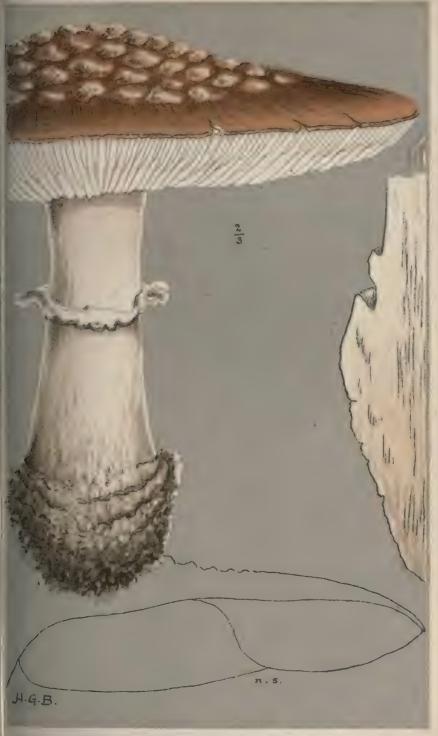
AGARICUS (AMANITA) PANTHERINUS. FR.
Haywood Porest. and Highgate. 1862.



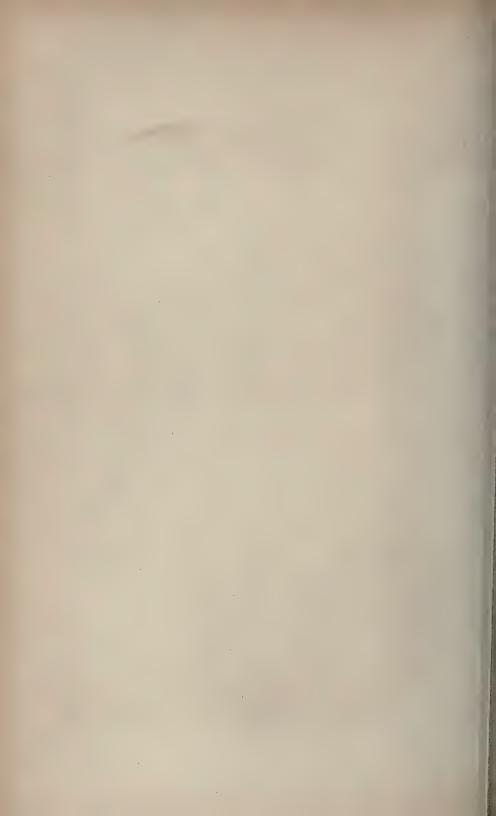


AGARICUS (AMANITA) EXCELSUS. FR.
in woods, under Beech, Epping.



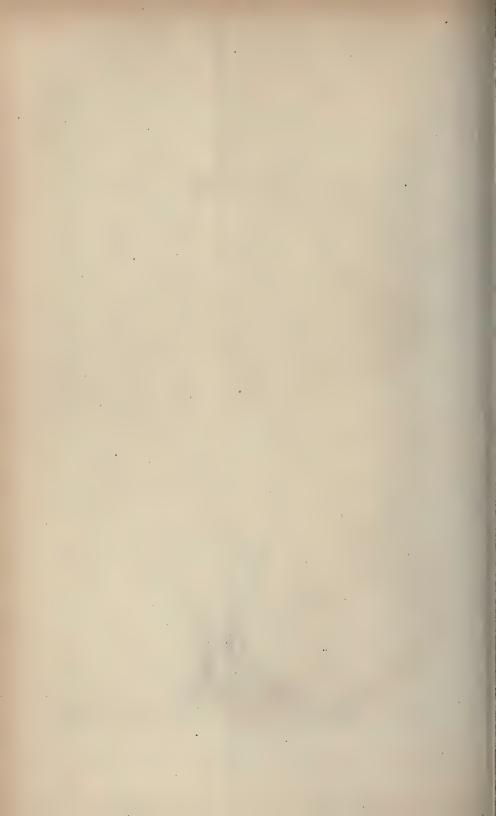


AGARICUS (AMANITA) STROBILIFORMIS. FR. on lawn. Stretton. Sept. 1871.





agaricus (AMANITA) strobiliformis Fries.
on the ground. near King's Lynn.



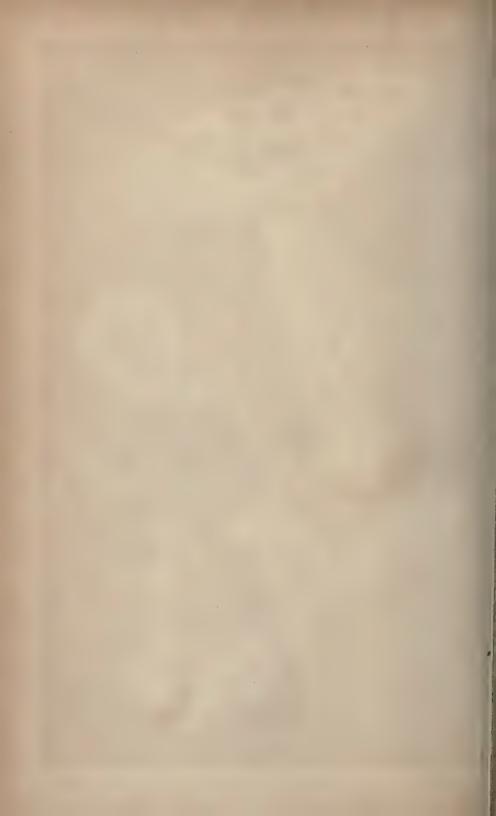


AGARICUS (AMANITA) RUBESCENS. FR.
under trees. Autumn.



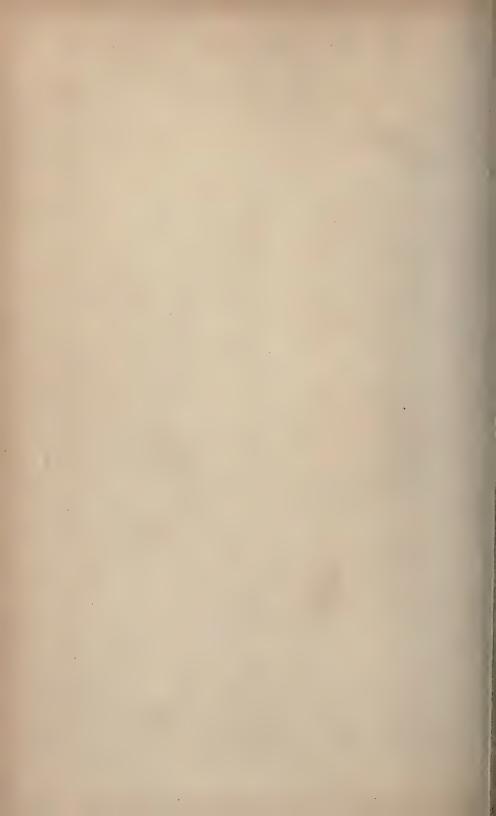


AGARICUS (AMANITA.) SPISSUS. Fr.
Combe Place, Lewes.



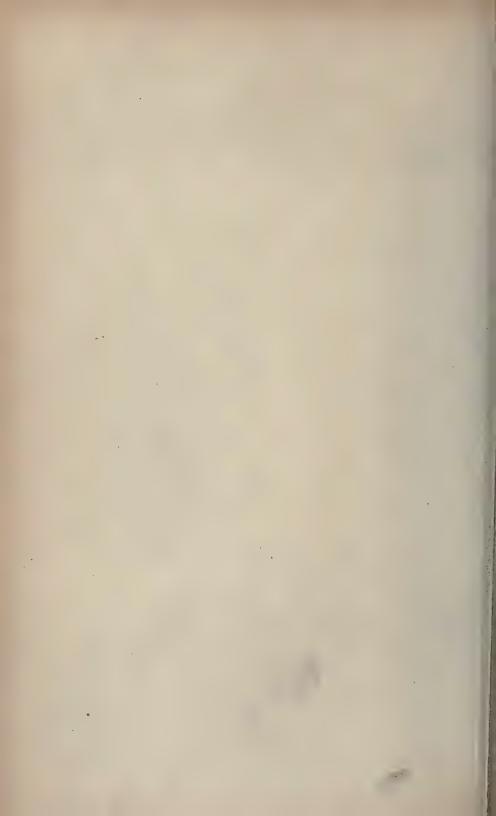


AGARICUS (AMANITA.) NITIDUS. Fries.
on the ground.





AGARICUS (AMANITA) ASPER. FR.
under trees. Highgale. Oct. 1863.





AGARICUS (AMANITA.) MAGNIFICUS. Pries. under beech trees. Highgate Oct. 1863.





AGARICUS (AMANITA) MEGALODACTYLUS. B. in woods. near Stamford.





AGARICUS (AMANITA) VAGINATUS. FR. in woods. Autumn.



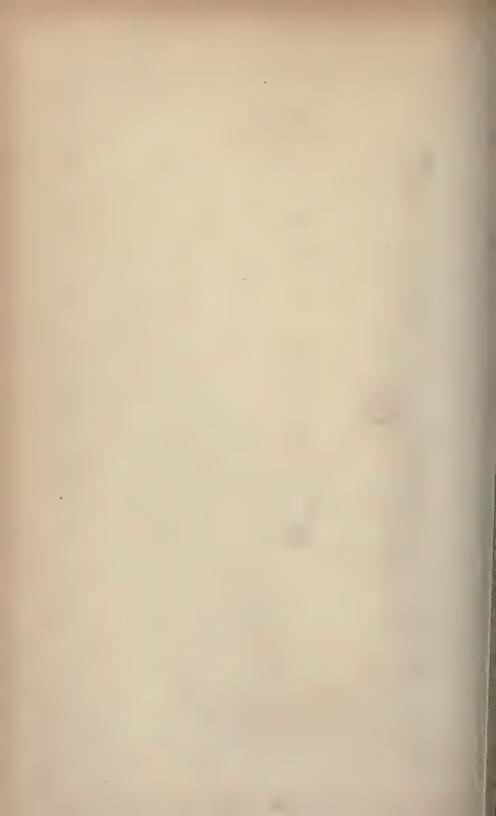


AGARICUS (AMANITA) STRANGULATUS. FR





AGARICUS (AMANITA.) ADNATUS. Smith. in woods. Somerset.







AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) PROCERUS. Scop. in grassy places.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) RHACODES. Vut. in pastures. &c.



PI 09.



AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) EXCORIATUS. Schf.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) GRACILENTUS. Kromb. in woods.—under beech trees &c.



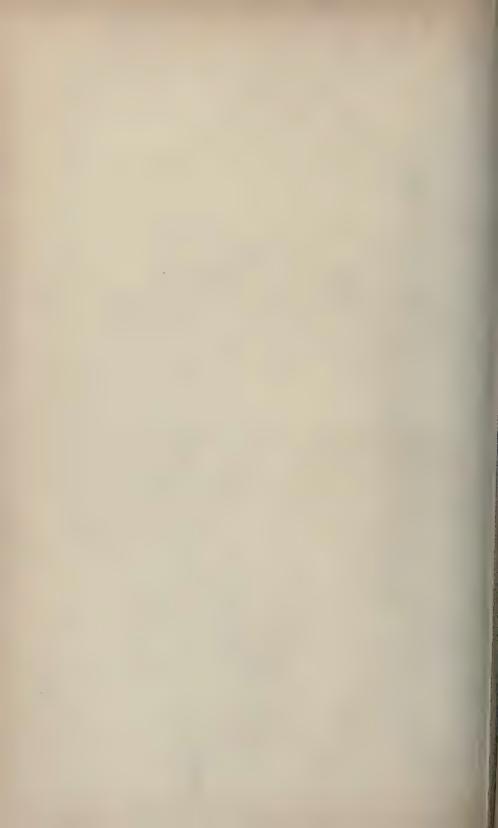


AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) MASTOIDEUS. Fries.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA) ACUTESQUAMOSUS. FR. un gardens. Highgate. 1862.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) BADHAMI. B. and Br. under yew trees &c.



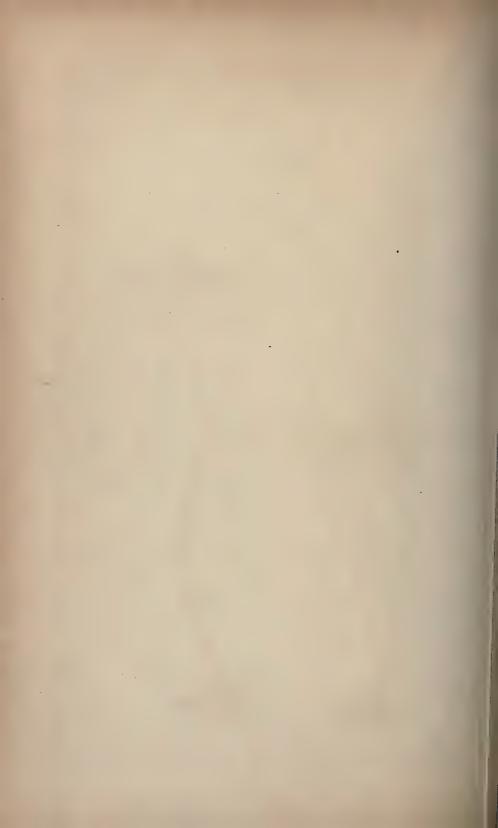


AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) MELEAGRIS. Sow. in greenhouses &c. King's Lynn.





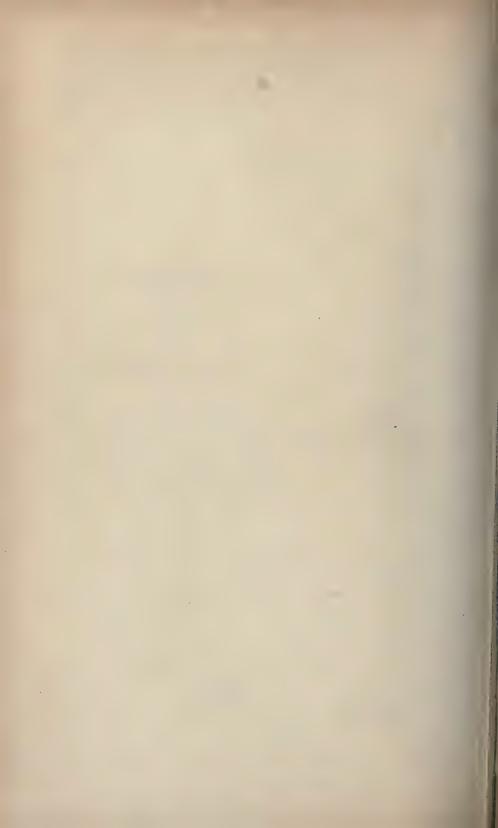
AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) BIORNATUS. B. & Br. in hot-beds and stoves.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) HISPIDUS. Lasch. in woods. Dinedor Camp.

L. Chyperania to



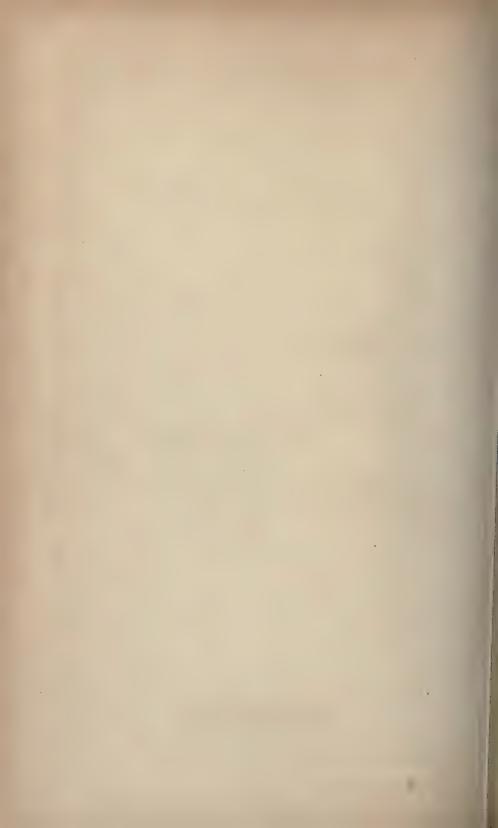


AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) CLYPEOLARIUS. Bull. in woods.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) METULÆSPORUS. B. & Br. in shady places.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) CRISTATUS. Fries. on lawns.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) ERMINEUS. Fries. in grassy places.



PL. 36.



AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) VITTADINI. Mor.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) HOLOSERICEUS. Fries. in gardens, and cultivated places.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) NAUCINUS. FR in cucumber frame. Oct. 1874





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA) CEPÆSTIPES. Sow. in greenhouses.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) CARCHARIAS. Pers. amongst fir leaves.





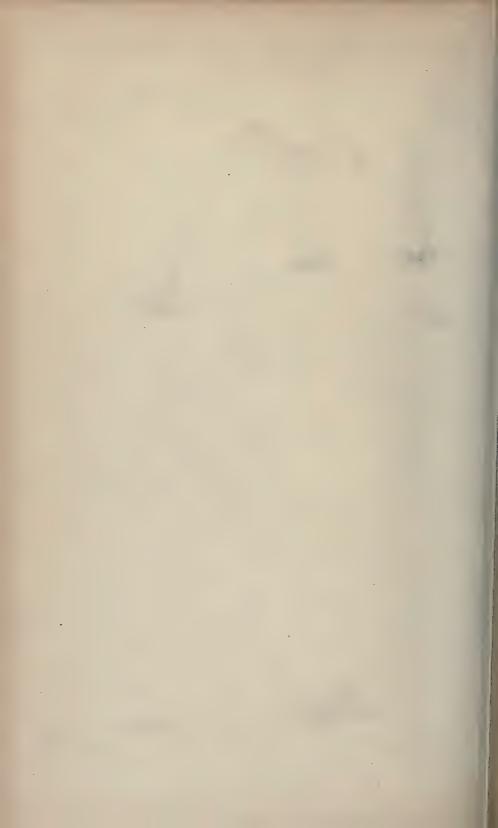
AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) CINNABARINUS. A. & S. in pine woods. Scotland.





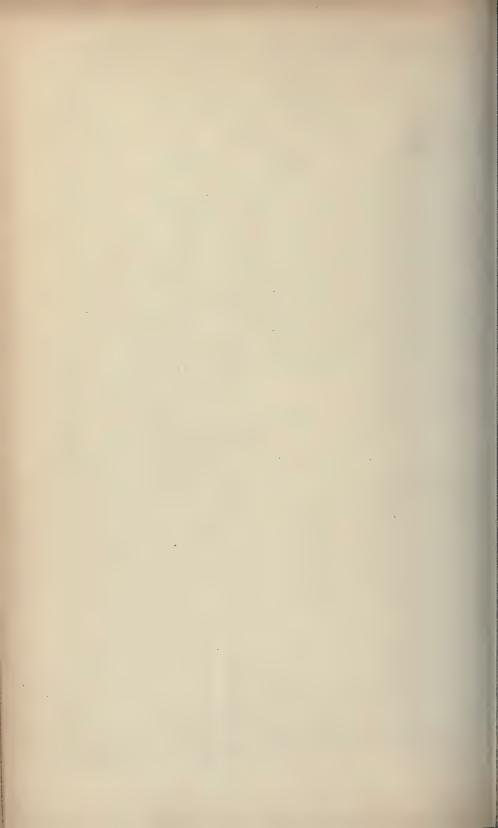
AGARICUS (LEPIOTA) GRANULOSUS. Batsch.

amongst grass.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) AMIANTHINUS Scop.



41



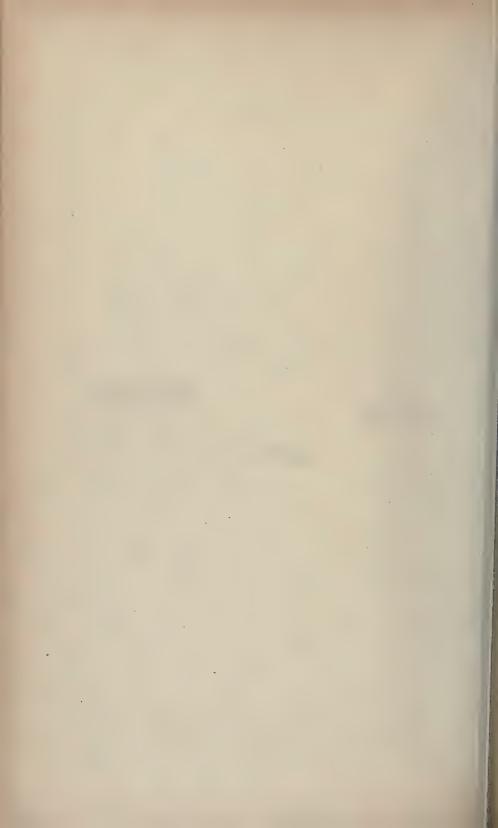
AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) POLYSTICTUS. Fr.
Amongst grass.



PL. 85.

AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) SISTRATUS, Fries. in Gardens.

AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) MESOMORPHUS. Bull. in woods. New Forest.

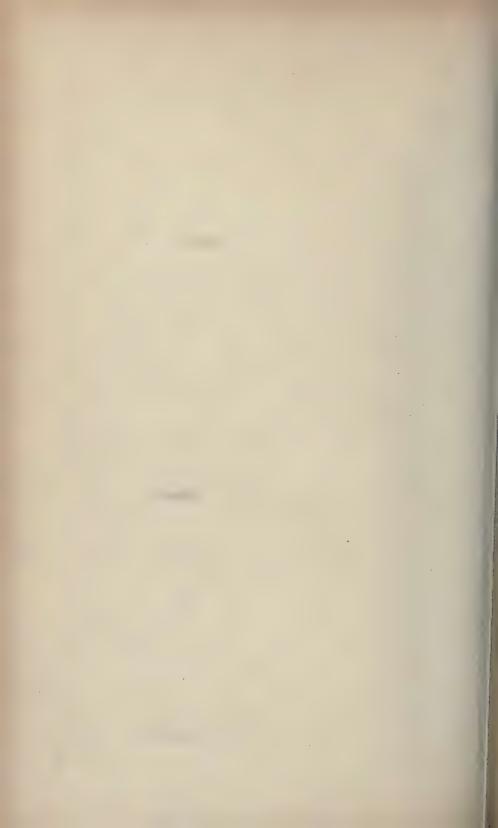




a. AGARICUS (LEPIOTA) SEMINUDUS. Lasch.

b. AGARICUS (LEPIOTA) BUCKNELLI. Berk.

near Bristol.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) MEDULLATUS. Fries. in pine woods. Glamis. N.B.



4:

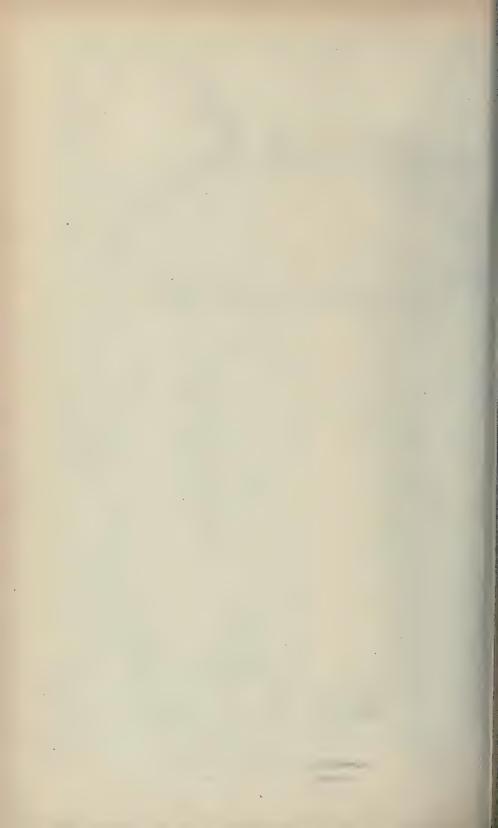


AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) DELICATUS. Fries. about old trees.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA) LENTICULARIS. LASCH.
in woods. Coed Coch. Oct. 1880.





AGARICUS (LEPIOTA.) GEORGINÆ. Smith. In cool fernery. Messrs. Veitch's nursery 1870.





AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA) BULBIGER. Fr Dinedor Camp.





AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA) FOCALIS Fr. Munor Blackheath, Chilworth, Surrey, Oct. 4. 1882.





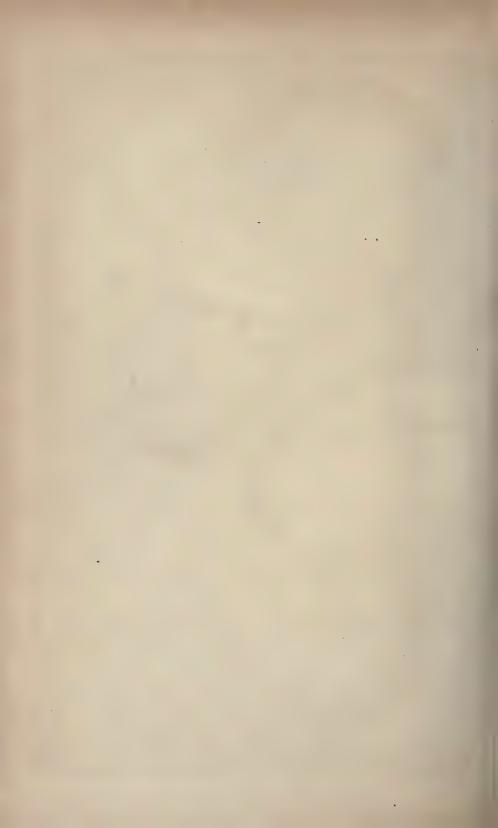
AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA., FOCALIS, var. GOLIATH. Fries.





AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA) AURANTIUS in pine woods. Scotland,

A. nobustio. At





AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA.) ROBUSTUS. var MINOR. Fr.
11 woods. Lyndhurst.





AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA.) RAMENTACEUS Bull.
under trees. Hampstead, Sept. 1862.





AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA.) HÆMATITES. B. & Br. amongst fir leaves. Glamis.



5

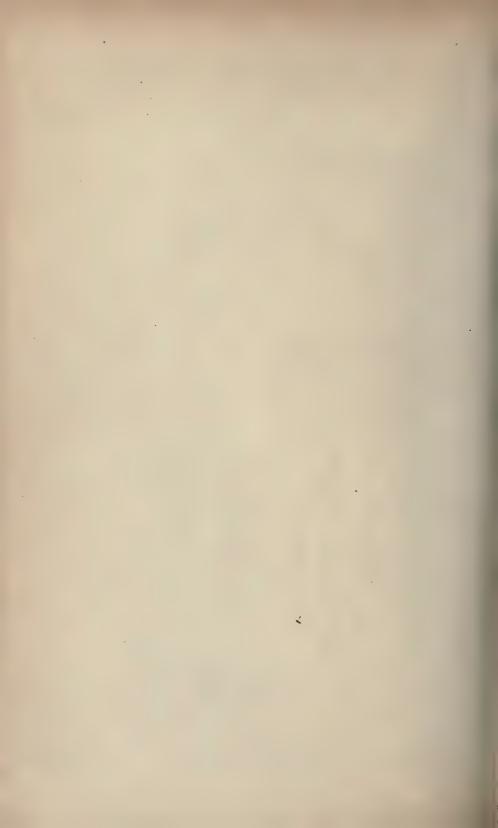


AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA.) CONSTRICTUS. Fries. in grassy places.





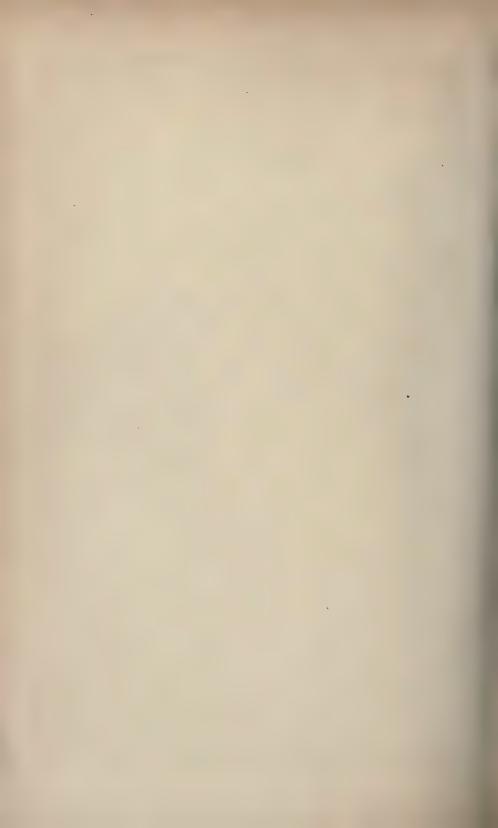
AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA.) MELLEUS. Fl. Dan. around stumps &c.







AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA.) SUBCAVUS. Schum. in fir woods.







AGARICUS (ARMILLARIA) MUCIDUS. FR.
on Beech trunks. Oct. 1874





AGARICUS :TRICHOLOMA., EQUESTRIS. Li:





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) SEJUNCTUS. Sou. in mixed woods.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) PORTENTOSUS. Fries.
in woods. Dinmore.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) FUCATUS. Frein pine wonds.





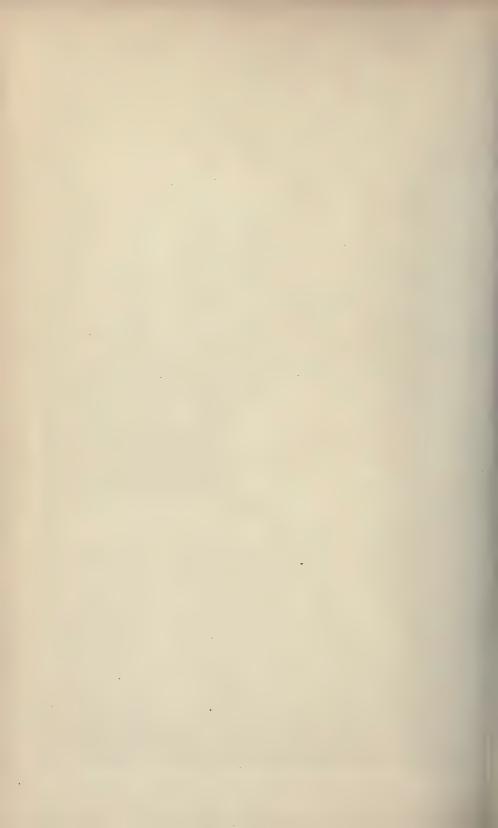


AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) QUINQUEPARTITUS. Fries.
amongst pine leaves.





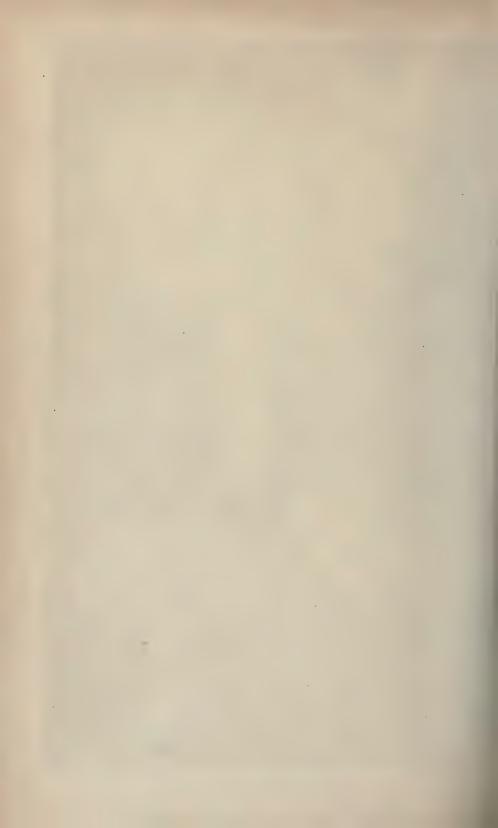
AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA) RESPLENDENS. Fries. in woods. under hazel &c.







AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) SPERMATICUS. Fr. in woods.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) COLOSSUS. Fries. under Scotch firs.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) ACERBUS. Fries.

in shady woods.

Proz. Man 111.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) NICTITANS. Fries. in woods. Holm Lacey 1868.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) FULVELLUS. Fr. in woods. Epping Forest.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) FLAVO-BRUNNEUS. Fries.
in woods. under beech &c.





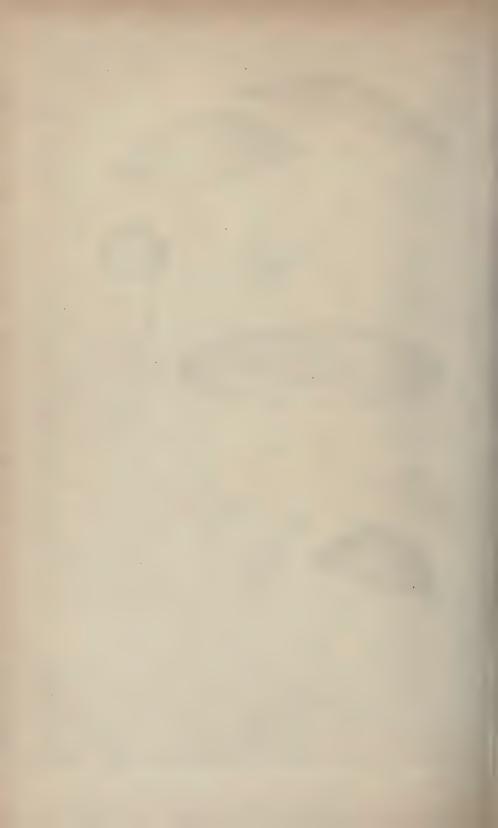
AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) ALBO-BRUNNEUS. Fries.

Epping Forest.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) USTALIS. Fr. in woods' Loughton 188!.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) STANS. Fries. on the ground. Wycliffe Wood. Oct. 1882.



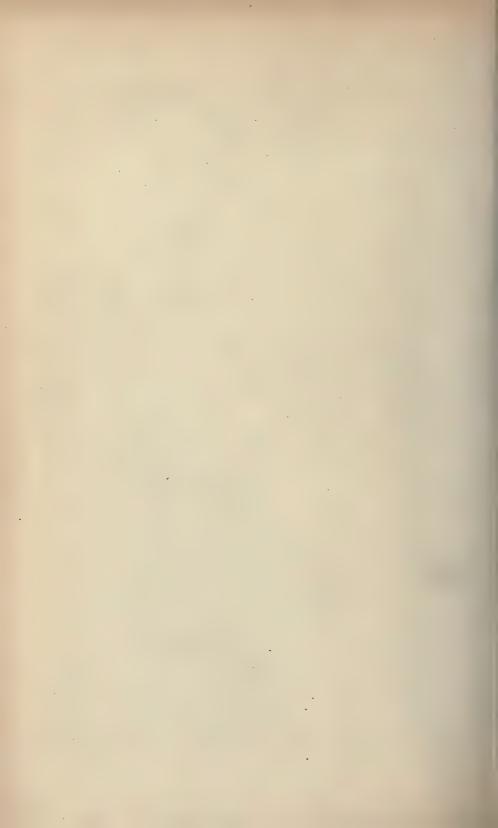


about stumps. Dinedor 1881.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) LURIDUS Schff. under firs, and in mixed woods.



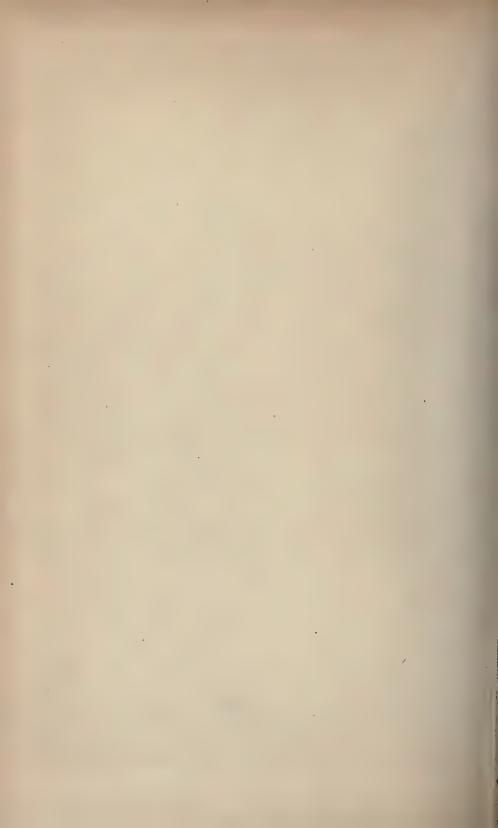


AGARNOUS : TRICHOLOMA.) GUTTATUS. Schooff.
Therein of woods. Downton 1878.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) COLUMBETTA. Fries. in woods and shady places. Hereford.







AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) SCALPTURATUS. Fries. on the ground. Eridge Woods. Oct. 1866.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) IMBRICATUS. Fries. in pine woods. Glamis. Sept. 1882.









AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) IMMUNDUS. Berk. amongst short grass.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) MURINACEUS. Bull. in woods. Dinmore. Oct. 1871.

gills should be cineren



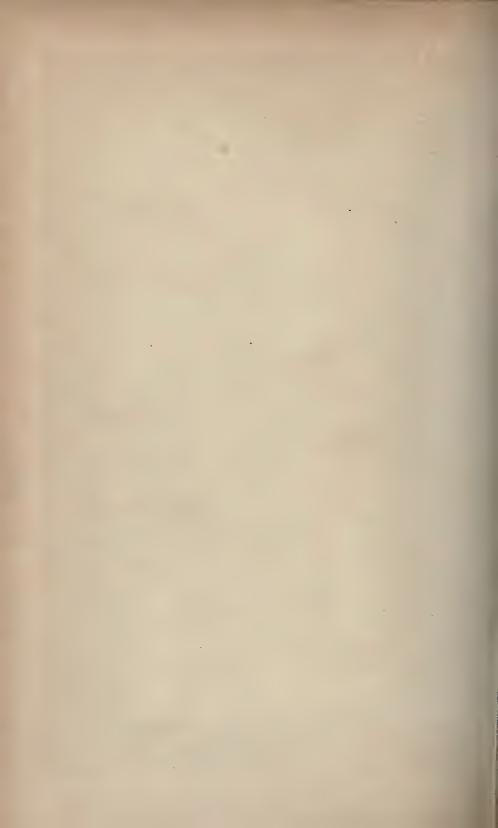


AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) TERREUS. Schaff.
amongst grass. Common.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) TERREUS. Schaff.
var. B.-ARGYRACEUS. Bull.
in mossy pine woods.



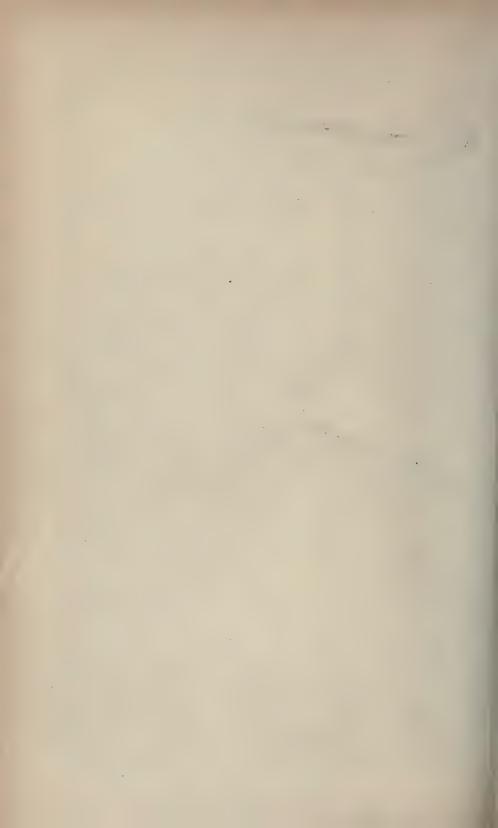


AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) ATRO-SQUAMOSUS. Chev. in grassy places. Dorking. Nov. 1880.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) ORI-RUBENS. Quelet. on the ground. Near Hereford Oct. 1881.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA) MACRORHIZUS Lasch.
on the ground. Kings Lynn.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) SAPONACEUS. Fr. in woody places. Pleasure grounds, Kew.







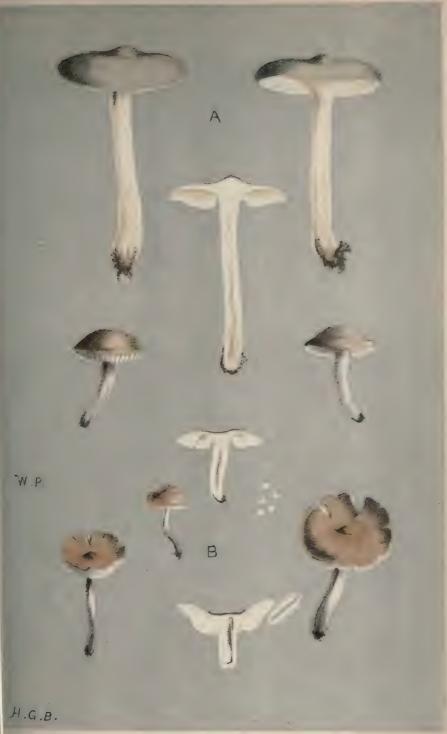
AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) SAPONACEUS. Fries. var. STIPITE SQUAMULOSO in woods. Rannoch. Sept. 1882.





AGARICUS /TRICHOLOMA. CARTILAGINEUS. Bull.
un grassy places.





A- AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) ATRO-CINEREUS. Pers.
on the ground. Shrewsbury.

B- AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) CUNEIFOLIUS. Fries.
in grassy places.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA) CUNEIFOLIUS. Fries.
var CINEREO-RIMOSUS Batsok.
amongst short grass, Kew Gardens, Oct., 1882.







AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) CRASSIFOLIUS. Berk. in pine woods.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) TUMIDUS. Pers. in moust pine woods. Coed Coch.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA) VIRGATUS Fries. solitary, on woods. Forres.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) SULPHUREUS. Butl in woods. Haywood Forest.



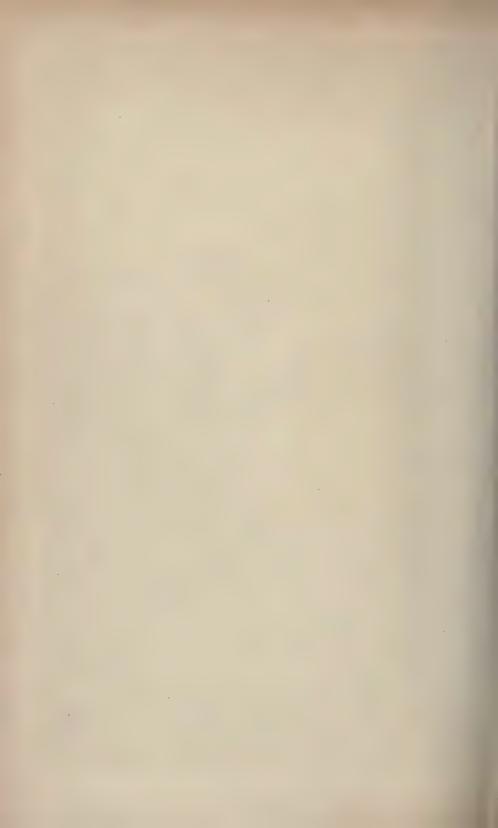


AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) BUFONIUS. Pers, in pine woods.





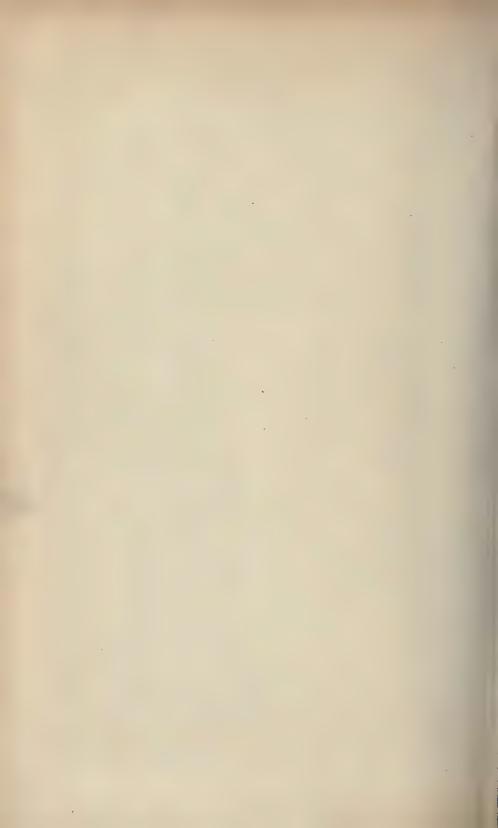
AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) LASCIVUS. Fr. in woods—slender form.







AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) LASCIVUS. Fries. Variety ROBUSTUS in pastures. Cromer. May 1882.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) INAMÆNUS. Fries.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) IONIDES. Fr. in moist woods.



AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) CERINUS. Pers. in pine woods. Black Park.





- a. AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA) CARNEUS. Fr. amongsi grass. Hampstead Heati
- b. AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) CŒLATUS. Fr. amongst moss and grass. New Forest.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) GAMBOSUS. Fries.
in pastures. April-May.







AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA) AMETHYSTINUS. Scop. in woods. Glamis 1875,





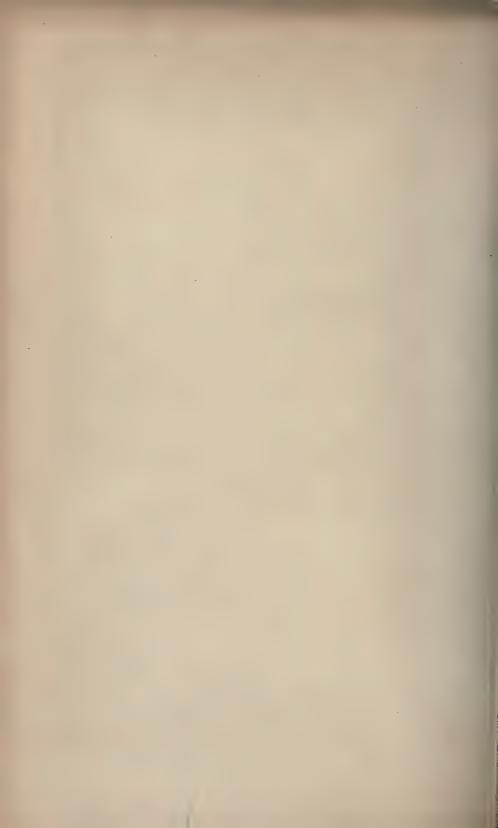


AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) ALBELLUS. Fries. in woods. April- May.





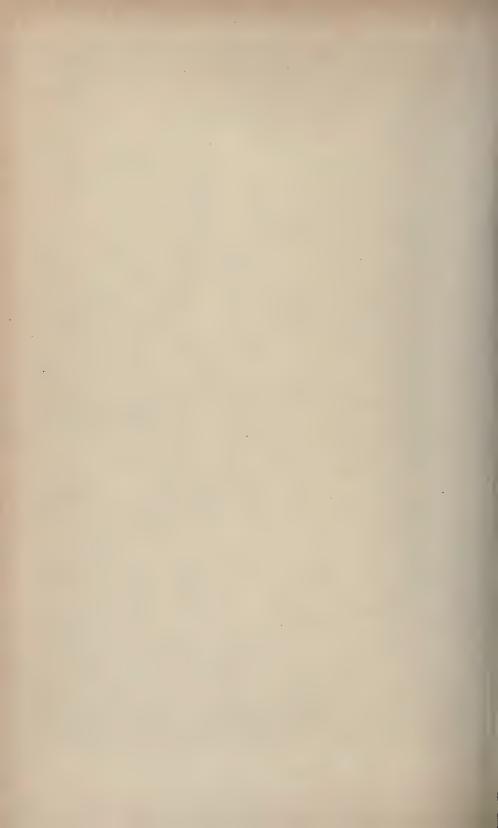
AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) TIGRINUS. Schaff. in fir woods.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA) SCHUMACHERI Fries.

amongst beech leaves. Highgate.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA) PATULUS. Fries.

On the ground in woods. Reigate, Surrey, Oct. 1870.







AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) OREINUS Fries.
on heaths, and open places.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) ALBUS. Fries.
in woods. Whitfield.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) LEUCOCEPHALUS. Fries.







AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) MILITARIS, Lasch. in woody places. Glamis 1874.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA) FERSONATUS. Fries. in pastures.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) NUDUS. Bull. in plantuins &c. Dorking





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) NUDUS. Fries.
var. MAJOR.
Amongst dead leaves. Kew Gardens. Nov. 1881.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) CINERASCENS Fries.
on the ground. Coombe Woods 1863.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) PANÆOLUS, Fr. in grassy places. King's Lynn 1881.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) GRAMMOPODIUS. Fr. on the ground. Arboretum, Keu.





AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) MELALEUCUS, Fries.

A. Typical form. B. var PORPHYROLEUCUS. Bull.

110



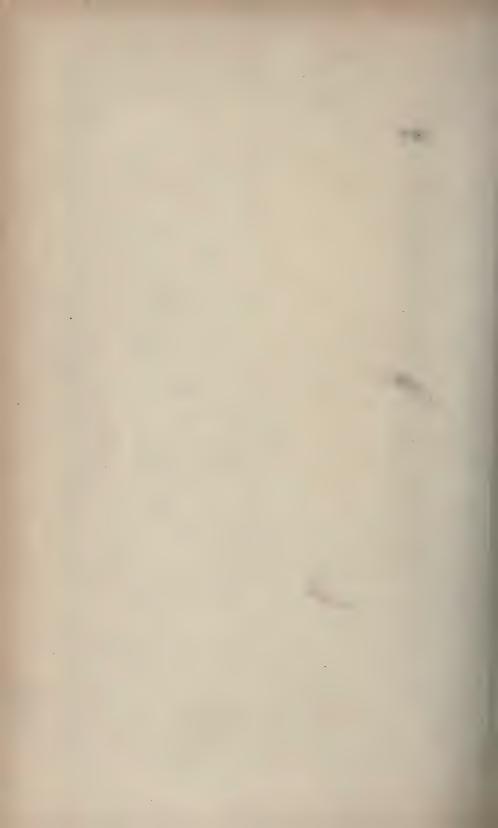


AGARIOUS (TRICHOLOMA.) BREVIPES. Bull. in plantations.



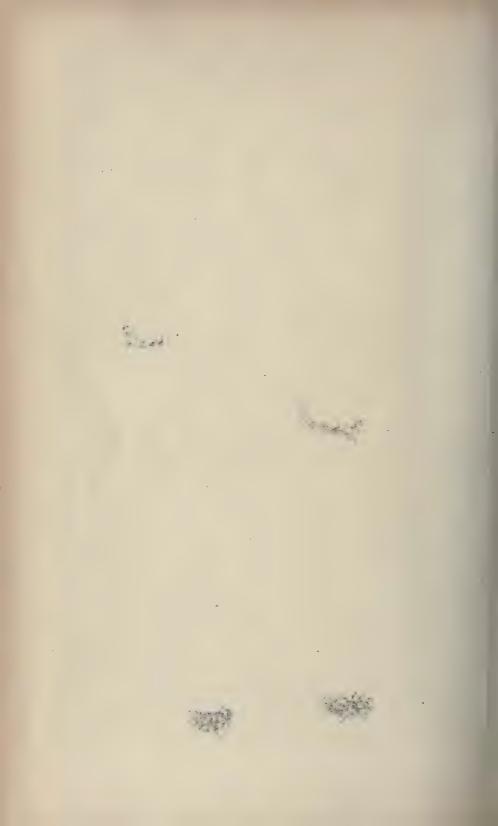


AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) HUMILIS. Pr. on moist ground. Moccas Park.





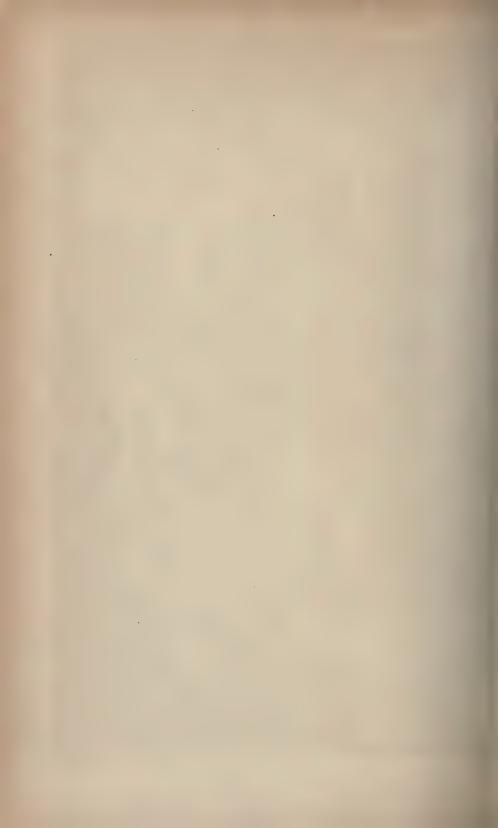
A. Robust form, Kew. B. var BLANDUS. Berk.







AGARICUS ITRICHOLOMA.) EXSCISSUS. Fries. in pastures. Cromer. May 1882.





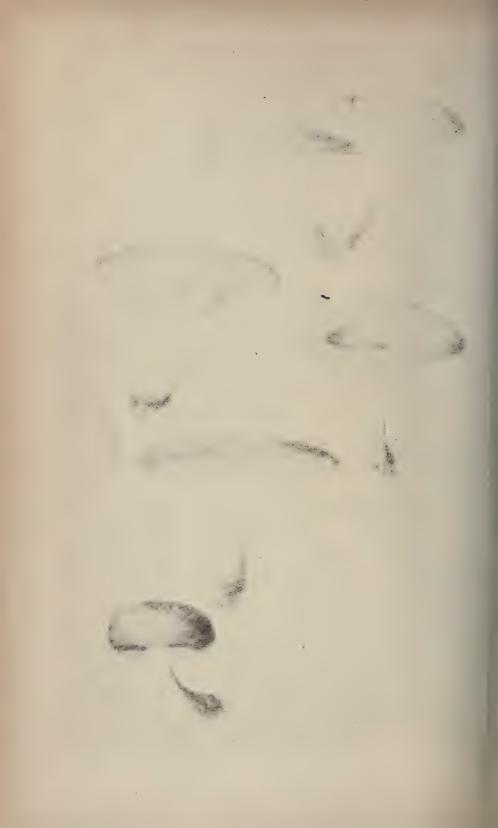
AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) SUBPULVERULENTUS. Fries.
in fields & gardens. Kew Gardens 1882.



PL. 100 /25



AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) SORDIDUS. Fr. on old dunghelt. Stoke Edith Oct. 1881





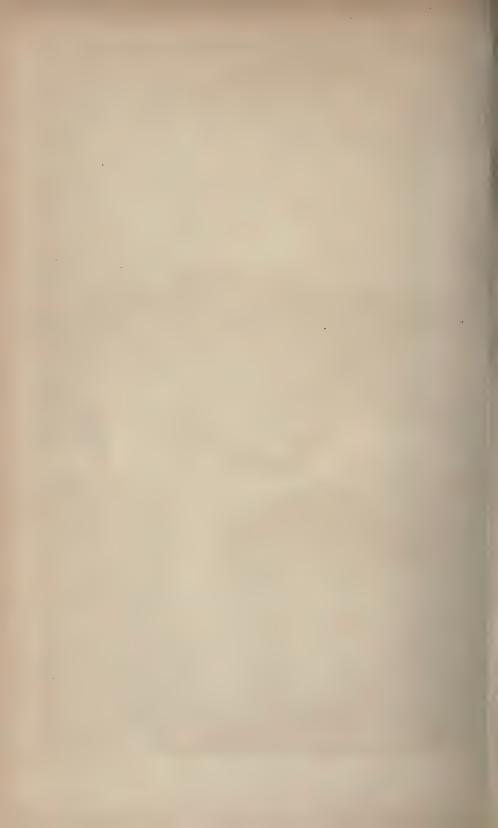


AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) LIXIVIUS. Fries. in pine woods.



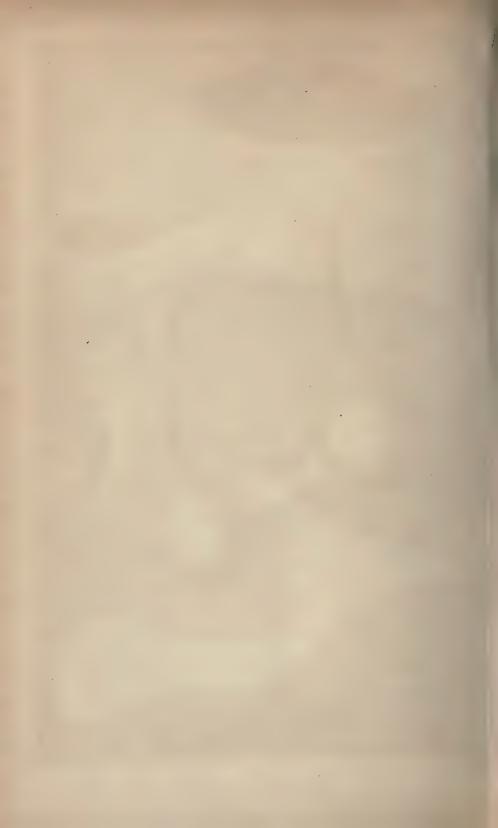


AGARICUS (TRICHOLOMA.) PUTIDUS. Fries. in fir woods. Coed Coch.



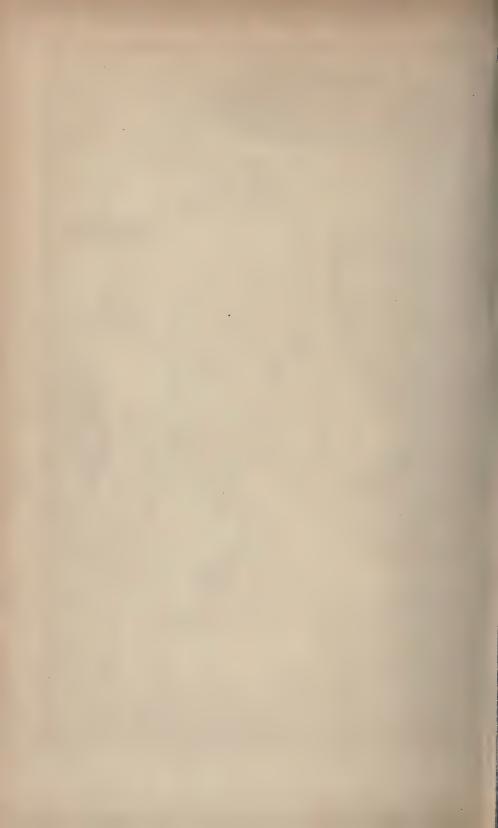


AGARICUS (OLITOCYBE.) NEBULARIS Batsch.
amongst leaves. Dinedor Camp. Oct. 1875.





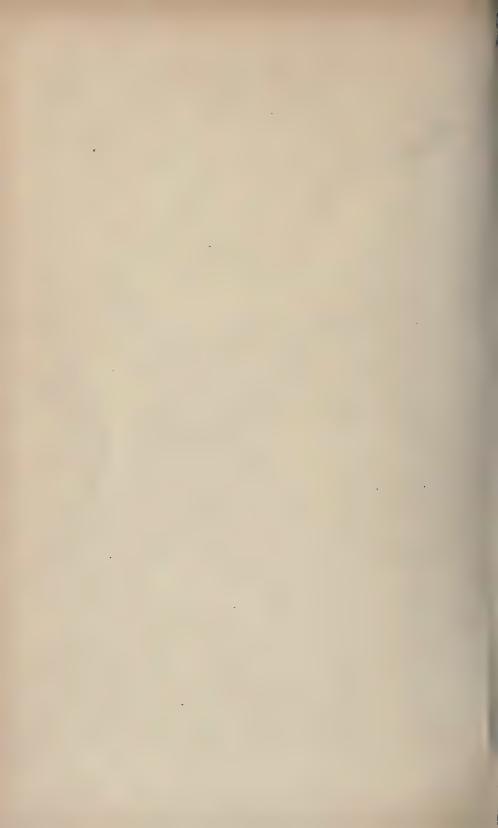
AGARICUS (CLITOCYSE.) CLAVIPES. Fr. in woods Dorking. Nov. 1880.





AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE) HIRNEOLUS Fries.

amongst moss, Coed Coch, Oct. 1879.





AGARICUS (COLLYBIA) CYANOPHÆUS Fries.

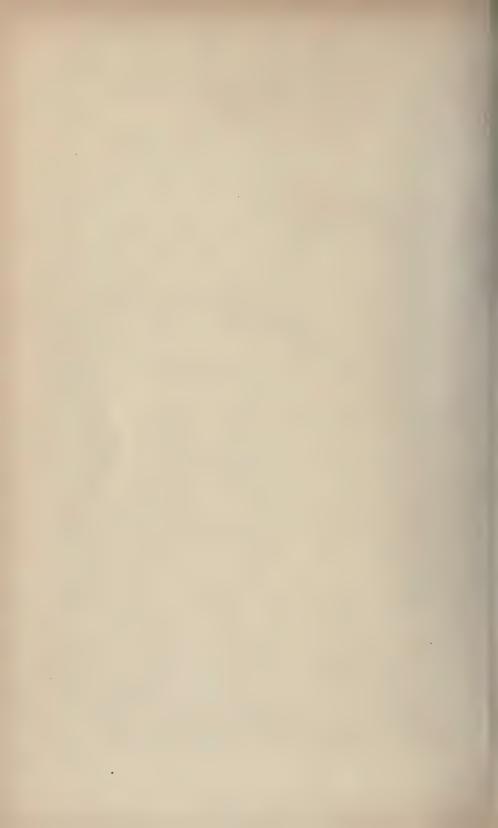
Clilicybe and Collybia (comi





A.-AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) AMARUS. Fries. in woody places. near Hereford.

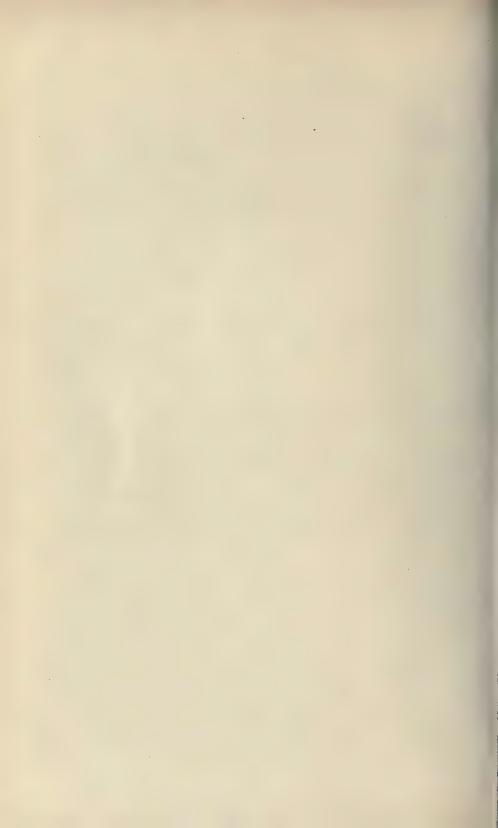
B.-AGARICUS (CUTOCYBE.) SOCIALIS. Fries. amongst Fir leaves. Diamore. Sept. 1876.





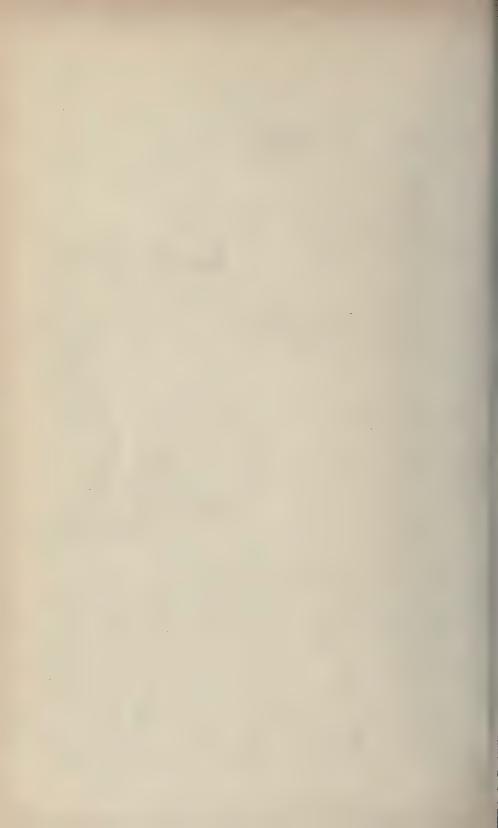
AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE) VENUSTISSIMUS Fries.

amongst Larch leaves. Penicuik N.B.





AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) ODORUS. Bull. in woods and shady places. Weybridge.



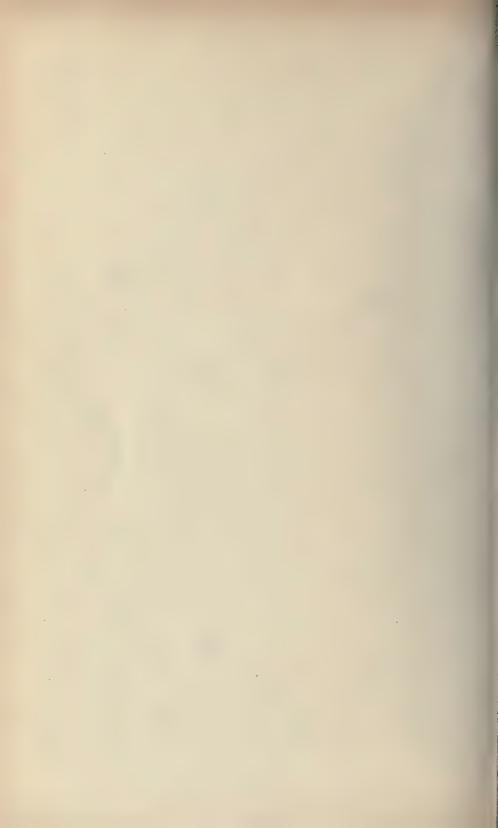


AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE) TROGII. Fr in woods Colwyn 1880.





AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) RIVULOSUS. var. NEPTUNEUS. Batsch.
amongst grass. Llandulas.





AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE) CERUSSATUS. Fries.

Amongst dead leaves. Dinedor, Oct. 1872.





AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) CERUSSATUS. Fries. var. DIFFORMIS Schum.





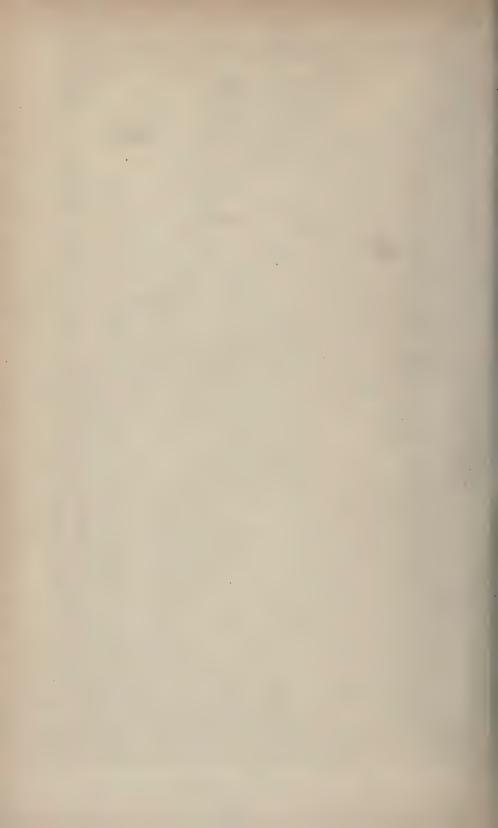


AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) PHYLLOPHILUS. Fries.
amongst dead leaves. Dorking. Nov. 1880.





AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) TORNATUS. Fries. in woods. Berkshire.



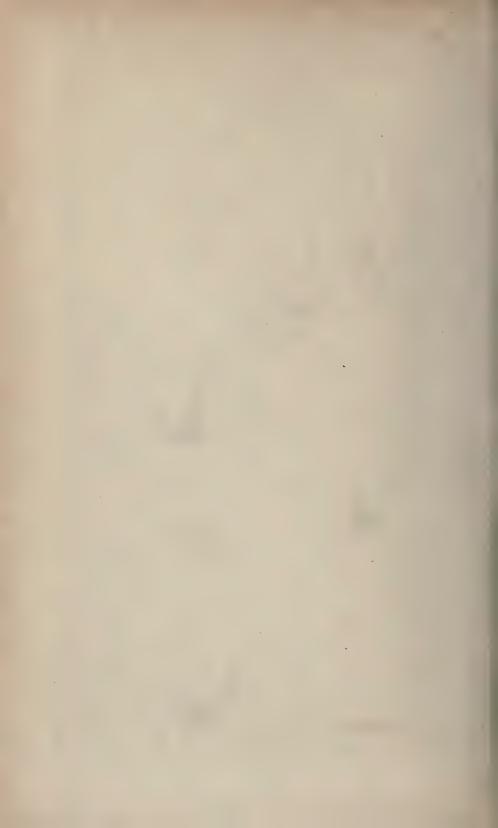


agaricus (CLITOCYBE.) CANDICANS. Pers. in moist places, amongst leaves &c.





AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) DEALBATUS. Pers. in grassy places &c. Hampstead.





AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) DEALBATUS. Fries. var. MINOR. amongst dead leaves. Drnedor 1881.



PL. 174. 142



AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE) GALLINACEUS. Fres. amongst moss. Weybridge.





AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) AGGREGATUS. Schaff.
on sawdust. Coed Coch. July 1882.



PL. 280. 146



AGARICUS (CLITOCYSE) ELIXUS. Sow
On the ground. Bagley Wood, Oxford, 1865.



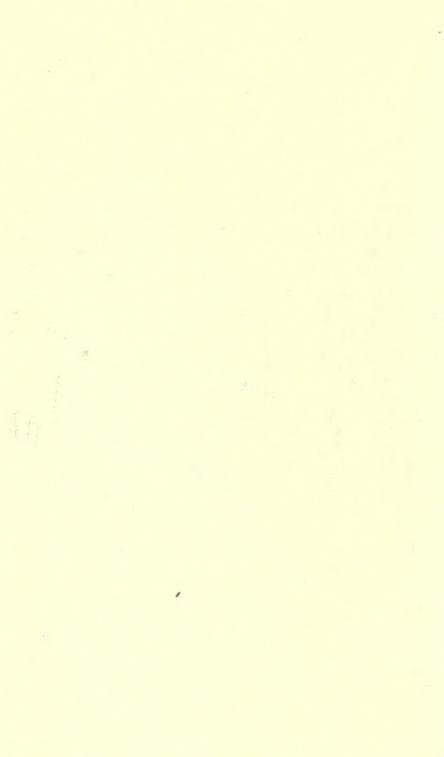


AGARICUS (CLITOCYBE.) FUMOSUS. Fries. in woods.









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